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POLICE OFFICERS KILLED IN TSUN WAN SHOOTING

*Cornered bandit shot dead
after fierce gun battle*

ANOTHER OFFICER WOUNDED

Mr. Edward Colin Luscombe, Police Commanding Officer for Kowloon and the New Territories, and Detective Sub-Inspector Alexander Leslie, attached to the Shamshui Police Headquarters, were shot dead by a bandit at Tsun Wan yesterday morning.

Chief Inspector Frederick G. Clarke, Divisional Officer in charge of the Shamshui Police Headquarters, was critically wounded by three shots in the chest.

The bandit, identified as Li Man-wai, alias Li Wai, was killed by police bullets.

These were the casualties in one of the most sensational shooting affairs between Hong Kong Police and bandits to have occurred in the Colony since the re-occupation.

The shooting occurred between 9.30 and noon at Chung (Middle) Kwai Chung Village just South of the 7-mile stone mark. Castle Peak Road, about one mile from Tsun Wan. The village is reached after passing the New China Textiles, Limited, and the Hong Kong Gun Club, which are about 200 yards away.

The cluster of villages situated across the road is known as Sheung (Upper) Kwai Chung, Chung (Middle) Kwai Chung and Ita (Lower) Kwai Chung. Of these the Kwai Chung is the largest.

Chung Kwai Chung, where the shooting occurred, comprises about two dozen houses whose occupants are mostly farmers.

What occurred before and after the shooting, as ascertained by the "China Mail," was this:

Demanded money

At about 8.30 yesterday morning, Li Man-wai, about 25 years of age and a well-known character in Tsun Wan, went to the house of Ho Chuen-sau, a prominent Tsun Wan merchant, and demanded \$150,000.

It was stated that Ho, who is about 25 years old and owner of the Kung Ping Emporium in Tsun Wan, had promised Li Man-wai \$900 as he had not the sum demanded in the house.

In an effort to stall the man, Ho's son, Ho Chi-ling, went upstairs saying that he was going to fetch the money.

Ho Chi-ling came downstairs with a shotgun whereupon Li Man-wai whipped out his revolver and grabbed Ho Chuen-sau for a shield.

After having disarmed Ho Chi-ling, the armed man was stated to have said that \$900 was not enough and that Ho Chuen-sau must withdraw the sum demanded from his bank, the Hong Kong Shanghai Bank in Nathan Road.

Ho and his son and three other members of the family were then forced to get into the family car, a Chevrolet, bearing the licence plate number HK3217.

Ho, the elder, was at the wheel.

After the car had left the house a report was made to the Tsun Wan Police who flashed a "kidnapping" message to all stations.

The message was received at the Kowloon Police Headquarters at about 9.30, it was reported.

The weather

At 6.00 GMT (8 a.m. HKT) an anticyclone is centred to the N. of Japan. Pressure is high over S. China, but gradually falls slightly over the China Sea and the Philippines.

Today's Forecast—Light or moderate S.E. winds, fair apart from showers in the New Territories this afternoon.

Yesterday's Weather—

Maximum	85.4 deg. F.
Minimum	70.2 deg. F.
Humidity	73 %
Barometer	30.1 in.
Wind	Variable, 1-12 m.p.h.
Clouds	Partly cloudy

Readings at 10 a.m. since Jan. 1, 1949—

Barometer	30.1 in.
Thermometer	85.4 deg. F.
Humidity	73 %
Wind	Variable, 1-12 m.p.h.
Clouds	Partly cloudy

Fired at driver

Arriving at the 7-mile stone before Chung Kwai Chung and just before the police road-block set up near the small bridge, he was said to have turned his car around. At this, the bandit opened fire at the driver but the shots, three of them, missed Ho. Li got out of the car and began to run toward Chung Kwai Chung.

Police officers at the road-block were the first ones to give chase.

Meanwhile, a detachment of Police under Mr. Luscombe, Commanding Officer for Kowloon and the New Territories, were



Mr. E. C. LUSCOMBE.
("China Mail" photo.)

speeding toward Tsun Wan from Kowloon while other police from Tsun Wan were converging on the scene.

Li Man-wai, dashed into a house, which is known as No. 27 Wei Tam, at the end of the main village street and locked himself in. The house belongs to a farmer named Au Yeung Fat who was reported to be absent at the time.

The street is a dead alley and Li was reported to have got into the house through the back which is open field.

The police closed in and an exchange of fire took place.

When the police arrived tear-gas bombs were thrown into the house in an effort to smoke the cornered man out.

Li was seen by windows of the two-storey house to have fanned the smoke from his face.

Inspector shot

Then the police led by Inspector Leslie broke down the door and entered the house. Inspector Leslie mounted the stairs and when he was reaching the landing of the floor, Li opened fire and shot the officer in the neck and chest. He died instantly.

Inspector Leslie was carried out by Chinese detectives.

The bandit continued shooting and the police returned the fire. It was during this exchange of fire that Inspector Clarke was struck three times in the chest.

Sometime later, Mr. Luscombe led another party into the house. The cornered man fired from the landing and shot Mr. Luscombe through the heart killing him instantly while the latter was at the bottom of the stairs.

It was stated that Mr. Luscombe failed to come out of the house after an interval of 40 minutes during which interval nothing was heard from him.

As the shooting continued, fur-

ther police reinforcement equipped with armoured cars, led by Mr. A. C. Maxwell, Deputy Commissioner of Police, were sent to the scene.

One version has it that the armed man took away the arms from those whom he had shot but this was not confirmed.

Bandit killed

Firing between the lone desperado and the police lasted well into the noon hour when during the later stage of the shooting Li was shot and killed.

During the shooting, an older brother of Li Man-wai, was reported to have been held by the police, last night for questioning. It was reported that the Li brothers, who were both born and brought up in Tsun Wan, had been peddlers of noodles in the village.

For the last few years, it was said, Li Man-wai had been unemployed, while his brother carried on his trade.

Along the shooting traffic along the Tsun Wan Road was blocked for more than three hours. Cars stalled extended for miles on either direction.

Seen also at the scene were Mr. Thomas Cushman, Assistant Director of Criminal Investigation, Kowloon, Mr. R. V. F. Turner, Divisional Superintendent, Marine Police Division, and other

inspectors.

Mr. Luscombe, aged 35, came from Surrey, England. He is survived by his widow and two children.

Inspector Leslie, aged 35, came from South Scotland. He is survived by his widow and a child.

Chief Inspector Clarke, aged 46, who came from London, has a wife and one child.

Inspector Clarke's condition was reported to be still critical last night. He is at the Kowloon Hospital.

The following statement was officially released by Police Headquarters last night:

"At about 9.30 a.m. a car was stopped by a Police party at Chung Kwai Chung, Tsun Wan. An armed man jumped out, and chased by the Police entered a house by the roadside.

"The Police party surrounded the house and there was an exchange of fire.

"Police reinforcements under Commanding Officer Kowloon and New Territories District, Mr. Luscombe were sent to the scene and a Police party broke into the house led by Detective Sub-Inspector Leslie.

"The armed man fired at DSI Leslie when the latter reached the landing of the first floor and fatally wounded him in the chest.

"The armed man then fired through the upper window slats at a Police party outside the house. Chief Inspector Clarke was struck in the chest and wounded.

"Mr. Luscombe then led a party into the house to go to the assistance of DSI Leslie. At the bottom of the stairs, Mr. Luscombe was fatally struck by bullets fired by the cornered man.

"Further reinforcements and equipment, including armoured cars, were sent to the scene under Mr. Maxwell, Deputy Commissioner. The armed man was later killed. The bodies of Mr. Luscombe and DSI Leslie were recovered from the house.

"The bodies of Mr. Luscombe and Detective Sub-Inspector Leslie were brought over to Hong Kong yesterday, and the funeral will take place this afternoon.

"A memorial service will be held at St. John's Cathedral at 4.30 p.m. after which the remains will be cremated.

Monty tries the "sea of ice"



Field-Marshal Lord Montgomery, C-in-C Western Union Forces, watches as iron cleats are fitted to his boots before he took a stroll on the famous French glacier "sea of ice" in the Massif of Mont Blanc. The Field-Marshal is on holiday at Chamonix, near the glacier. (AP Photo.)

Purge of E. German Reds

Berlin, September 1.
East Germany's Communist rulers rocked the party and the Government today with a startling purge of "high placed" officials.

Six top men, including a former Politburo member, were thrown out of the Socialist Unity (Communist) Party (SED).

Four more were expelled from jobs in the Government. More expulsions were promised.

The reasons given were associated with "American spies" and exhibiting anti-Russian feeling.

The action was taken by the Politburo of the SED at the direction of Walter Ulbricht, elected secretary general five weeks ago. In this job, Ulbricht is supreme boss.

The announcement was made by the official party newspaper "Neues Deutschland."

The newspaper admitted that the party ranks are corroded with members who can no longer blindly obey Russian dictate.

Ejected from the party were: Paul Merker, state secretary in the Agriculture Ministry; Leo Bauer, chief editor of Radio Berlin; Bruno Goldammer, deputy to Gerhard Eisler, propaganda chief; Willi Krellmeier, general director of the Reichsbahn (Soviet zone railway system); Lex Ende, former chief editor of "Neues Deutschland," and Maria Weiskopf, an underground party member.—Associated Press.

Chinese in foreign countries (such as Australia, Malaya, Indonesia and the Philippines) must aid the Nationalist cause.

The Kuomintang's statement followed the recent reform ordered by the Generalissimo in which several formerly influential behind-the-scenes political figures were publicly shunned by the Kuomintang.—AP-Reuters.

ss. Szechuen arriving today

The ss. Szechuen is due in Hong Kong from Swatow this morning and she is to sail for Singapore on Sunday. Butterfield and Swire announced yesterday.

She is carrying 200 deck passengers and 1,200 tons of cargo in transit to Singapore, the company said.

The ship will be arriving one day behind schedule. An official of the company explained that such a delay is not extraordinary.

SURVIVOR OF DAKOTA CRASH PICKED UP

Singapore, September 1.

An Army officer, the first survivor to be found, was picked up yesterday by a motor launch searching the China Sea for the RAF Dakota aircraft missing on a flight from Singapore to Saigon.

The officer was transferred to a naval frigate operating in the area. Five passengers and a crew of five were carried by the missing plane.

Meanwhile, a combined Army and police rescue party yesterday penetrated the dense Malay jungle to within a short distance of another RAF Dakota which crashed with 11 persons aboard on August 25. All are believed dead.—Associated Press.

KMT reform policy is announced

Taipei, September 1.
Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's Kuomintang Party today, publicly pledged itself to retrieve its past mistakes, purge thoroughly bad party influences and start working for a return to the Chinese mainland as the Government of the whole of China.

The Secretary-General of the Kuomintang, Dr. Chang Chi-yun, outlined the following points in the reformed Kuomintang policy: The land shall be owned by the tiller and co-operative farming shall be encouraged.

Government-operated light industries shall be transferred to private ownership. Workers' interests shall be protected by the promotion of labour organisations.

No mercy will be given to former Nationalist leaders who defected to the Communists during the Nationalist retreat on the mainland. A general amnesty will be given to the "less important Communists" who come over to the Nationalists.

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Clash with terrorists in Malaya

Singapore, September 1.

In a clash with terrorists in the Perak jungle last night a police lieutenant died of wounds and a Royal Marine Commando was wounded.

Because of the increased terrorist activity in Selangor State, Europeans were today warned not to travel on roads outside the five-mile limit of Kuala Lumpur, the Federation's capital.

Following reports of guerrilla concentrations 12 miles North of the capital, troops in the area were reinforced yesterday and are now combing the jungle.

Royal Air Force and Royal Australian Air Force bombers raided suspected terrorist hide-outs today, with armoured cars maintaining a constant road patrol.

Last night, with the aid of searchlights, British troops and the Malay Regiment mortared mountain caves where a terrorist camp was located.

Searchlights blazed over Kuala Lumpur last night for the first time since the Japanese invasion in 1941.—Reuters.

YANKS FIGHT BACK AGAINST BIGGEST RED OFFENSIVE IN KOREA

Tokyo, September 1.
American forces snapped back today after the initial blow of the greatest Communist offensive of the war and recaptured Haman under cover of bombing, strafing and rocketing United States planes. Fresh troops, rushed into line to reinforce the mauled 24th Regiment, went over to the counter-attack at 4 p.m. By 8 p.m. they had recovered the lost ground and were fighting West of the ruined and smoking Haman.

Haman, eight and a half miles from the port of Masan, is at the South-east end of the flaming 50-mile front along which the Reds loosed their greatest offensive and advanced up to eight and a half miles at one point.

Latest reports said the main battle sector was located in the hills West of Haman.

On the Nakdong River line further North, where the Reds made 17 crossings, a Second Division spokesman said the Yanks were "stacking up dead Koreans by the hundreds."

In the Masan area the initial attack alone cost the Communists 1,000 dead, American losses were described as "moderate to heavy."

Waves of 1,150 Air Force, Marine and Australian fighters and bombers ranged over the swaying front. Returning pilots said their strafing was "very satisfactory."

The greatest air support was thrown into the Haman area toward the route to the major supply port of Pusan. The planes worked as close as 50 yards ahead of the ground troops.

Recapture of Haman

United Press correspondent Charles Corbridge with the 25th Division reported the recapture of Haman. He said the attack which retook the town was preceded by intense air strikes. Light bombers dropped 1,000-lb. proximity fuse bombs on the area in addition to strafing and rocketing the Red position.

The Reds had opened a new mortar and artillery bombardment on the American left flank but on the centre and right side of the line American troops were on the attack.

North of Haman the 35th Regimental Combat Team counter-attacked after the Reds penetrated 3,000 yards on the extreme right flank in the vicinity of Masan. Masan is near the confluence of the Nam and Nakdong Rivers.

A military spokesman said one company of 35 was surrounded by 600 Reds but pressure was relieved somewhat by two flights of night-bombers which dropped fuelled gasoline bombs on the enemy. The spokesman said one battalion of the 24th Regiment which took the brunt of the attack on Thursday night and this morning is secure but that an other had been disorganised and driven back.

On the Second Division front, along the Nakdong where the defenders reeled back as much as eight and a half miles under the initial Red assault, pilots said the Communists were loading rafts on the West side of the river to reinforce their already extensive crossings.

E-25 Mustangs ranged up and down the river shooting up everything in sight in an effort to halt the Communist drive.

Sandbag bridges

The Communists were using ox-carts, pack-horses and vehicles to stream across the hastily constructed sandbag bridges over the Nakdong in the central sector.

Two American battalions, which were cut off when the main body of the American troops pulled back during the afternoon, were not encircled and were trying to fight their way back. Efforts are being made to get supplies to the cut-off units by air. Some small amounts were dropped from small liaison planes, and plans are being made to make larger drops from C-47 cargo planes.

United States Correspondent Jack Burby reported from the Headquarters of the Second Division that officers there believed

the enemy attack in the vicinity of Hyonpung, on the Northern end of the Nakdong line, was strictly "diversionary" with the main enemy effort being directed at the central sector.

The 50-mile front line on Friday was anchored in general at Hyonpung, about 15 miles South West of Taegu, and at recaptured Haman. It dipped in the centre, where the Communists scored their greatest gains in terms of miles. It was just at the point where the Nam and Nakdong rivers join, and then around the curve of the Nakdong Eastward, that the Communists made the greatest number of their 17 river crossings.

The American communications road on the Nakdong line runs 21 miles Southward from Hyonpung, on the North, all the way on the South. The enemy has been able to throw at least one block across the highway, and it was under artillery fire near its Southern end.

Massed air attacks

Mass Allied air attacks were thrown late this afternoon against the Communist forces smashing into the West line of the United Nations defence quadrangle, adds Reuters.

Wave after wave of Air Force and Navy planes swept low over

the critical points in the battle-front in an attempt to stop the North Korean Eastward drive.

After two hours of merciless pounding by lighter-bombers of the Communist four miles wide and eight miles deep front, West of Haman, the American outposts moved into the Eastern outskirts of Haman and been lost to the North Koreans.

An Air Force operations officer estimated that nearly 300 close support flights had been flown by the combined air forces today with three hours of daylight remaining.

In the Second Division sector, American resistance had split up into three fingers into this afternoon. Most of the large tract of that territory East of Nakdong between Hyonpung and Yongsan had been lost to the Communists with GI's taking up positions on high ground East of Hyonpung, Changyong and Yongsan.

When the Communists crossed South West of Yongsan, two companies of GI's were cut off and in the confusion, contact was lost with many units.

General Douglas MacArthur, the United Nations Commander-in-Chief in Korea, mustering every reserve to meet the onslaught of 50,000 Northeners, saw the Nakdong River line breached in a dozen places last night and today, at least two serious penetrations took place.

Guerrilla patrol

Communist "guerrilla" patrols got within six miles of the important Masan this afternoon, though the main Northern onslaught against the Western defences had slowed down and was almost stopped.

General MacArthur is ordering every reserve into the critical 18-hour "bottle" and sent the United States Navy's carrier-based planes into close support of the ground troops to stem the reckless invaders.

The Western front blazed up soon after midnight but 12 hours later, the American had stopped the onslaught in many places though strong Communist forces had got through to their rear.

In the South, where the Nakdong River turns to the East, GI's began to counter-attack while United Nations reserves cleared up behind them.

The chain of Communist crossings, helped by the extremely low level of the Nakdong after a dry spell—drove a five-mile wedge between the American Second and 24th Divisions and set at least six Communist battalions on the East bank 15 miles South West of Taegu.

(Continued on page 3)

British troops standing by for action

Eighth Army HQ, Korea, September 1.

The Eighth Army Headquarters today prepared to throw the British forces into the Korean battle area whenever and whenever needed.

While the two battalions—the Middlesex and the Argyll and Sutherland—had been on the alert ever since they arrived in Korea on Monday they may see action ahead of schedule if the break-through on the Central and South fronts worsens.

The first Australian ground troops may be flown to Korea if General MacArthur believed that "absolutely all available forces" are needed to halt the current Communist drive, a reliable British Commonwealth source told the United Press tonight in Tokyo.—United Press.

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River pirates "blown to bits" trying to loot mined ship in Yangtse

Yangtse River pirates who attempted to loot the sunken Philippine merchant ship, *ss. San Antonio* on August 23, were "blown to bits" when their power boat struck a mine, a Shanghai informant said in Hong Kong yesterday.

Eight pirates were killed, he added.

The pirates boarded the *San Antonio's* power boat abandoned when the ship was evacuated, and loaded it with a number of auxiliary motors which they tore loose from the bridge house.

As they were making their way from the 1,200-ton ship, they struck a mine.

On August 24, salvage work was begun on the ship through arrangements with the American Asiatic Underwriters, with whom the ship is insured for US\$350,000.

Survivors of the *AAU*, after examining the vessel, declared that the ship was not a total loss, and signed contracts with Shanghai salvagers and dockyards for the recovery and refitting of the vessel at a cost of US\$100,000, this informant said.

The *San Antonio* sank on June 24 following a mine explosion.

The informant said that Captain C. L. del Casal reported in Shanghai that shortly before his ship struck the mine, he had detected another floating mine.

Cargo intact

AAU surveyors have reported that much of the *San Antonio's* cargo lies intact in the stern. The ship is loaded with about 800 tons of general cargo from Hong Kong.

The salvage work on the vessel is expected to take about 60 days, and the refitting will probably take an additional month.

The *Hanjiang Navigation Company*, Shanghai charter agents for the *San Antonio*, are reported to be having trouble with the 35 Chinese crew, who are in Shanghai demanding discharge payments and compensation.

The informant estimated that the total crew demands amounted to approximately US\$35,000 including an eight-months' discharge payment for each member of the crew.

The *Shanghai Philippine Consulate-General* is currently handling the demands of the crew, and as yet, the *Shanghai Labour Bureau* has not been called in to mediate.

It was a common rumour in Shanghai that the crew intended to seize the *San Antonio* after it was refitted if their demands are not met either by the charterers, a Chinese company in Hong Kong, or by the owners of the vessel, the *A. Magasaysay and Company of Manila*.

There was no way of confirming this in Hong Kong yesterday.

Shopkeeper with revolver ammunition

A Chal Wan Au Village shopkeeper, Lau Sing, aged 47, was charged before Mr. Hing-shing Lo at Central yesterday with possession of 21 rounds of revolver ammunition without a licence on August 31.

He was given the option of a \$250 fine or two months in prison. Detective Sub-Inspector James Martin of the Flying Squad said that on information received, Lau's shop in an unnumbered hut at Chal Wan Au Village was searched by the Police. In a dresser drawer the ammunition was found wrapped in two paper parcels.

The defendant said that he had found the ammunition on the beach where the Japanese had thrown it after the surrender of the Colony. He added that Police constables at the time had tested the ammunition and found it useless. He had taken it to his home and left it in the drawer. He had forgotten about it until the Police found it, he claimed.

Court Brevities

For the storing of kerosene without a licence under the *Fire Ordinance*, four men were fined \$1,000 each by Mr. F. K. d'Almada at Kowloon yesterday.

The *Hing S. Man Road, Sheung-shui*, New Territories, was fined for the storing of 400 gallons of kerosene in excess of his licence amount. He was licensed to store 4,000 gallons of light and low flash inflammable liquid.

Others fined were *Cheung Chai*, *o. Main Road, Sheung-shui*, for the storing of 400 gallons of kerosene in excess of his licence amount. He was fined \$14.

On *Fu Street, On Lok*, and *Chan Wai-shuen*, of 115, *Pai Ho Street*.

Mr. C. J. Beckmann, provisional registrar, was Vice-Consul for the United States of America at Hong Kong.

Report of ship seizure denied

The 1,200-ton British freighter *Tai Chung Shan* is now en route to Tientsin and nothing had happened to her since she left port on Wednesday, the *Shouwa Shipping Company*, agents for the vessel, declared yesterday.

The report reaching here late Thursday night saying that the ship had been seized by Nationalist warships in the Formosa Strait was denied by the Company yesterday afternoon after they had contacted the ship by radio.

Infringement of trade mark

Summoned by the manager of the Singer Sewing Machine Company for alleged infringement of trade mark, *Nan Tak-ming of the Keong Sing Hong firm*, 109, *Laichikok Road*, and *Chan Tong of the Chan Tong Koo firm*, 103, *Laichikok Road*, were cautioned by Mr. F. K. d'Almada at Kowloon yesterday.

Defendants were alleged to have had for sale sewing machines and stands to which a mark so nearly resembling the trade mark registered in the Trade Mark Registry as No. 48 of 1909 as to be calculated to deceive, was falsely applied.

Mr. F. H. Loseby represented the defendants, while Mr. J. T. Prior represented the complainant.

Two summonses each were served on defendants. Four similar summonses against defendants' firms were withdrawn.

In asking the Court to register a conviction against the defendants and to caution them, Mr. Prior said that defendants had given all available information, asked by the complainant, Mr. Prior said that he was asking for a fine but asked that the frames of the sewing machines be destroyed.

Complainant's counsel also told that Court that defendants had agreed to pay the costs.

Arms found aboard junk

On a charge of possession of two rifles, 457 rounds of ammunition, three cannons and six pounds of gunpowder, *Leung Yung*, master of a *Macao licensed junk*, was given 72 hours to take out of Hong Kong licence by Mr. F. K. d'Almada at Kowloon yesterday.

According to Inspector J. Orem, defendant had a *Hong Kong licence* in 1947, and that since he went to *Macao* he took out a licence there and the arms were endorsed in his licence.

When the police boarded his junk in *Castle Peak Bay* on Wednesday, they found, besides the arms, a *plum pip* for the possession of which he was fined \$10.

The arms were ordered to be retained by the police pending the application by defendant for a *Hong Kong licence*. Should he fail to do so the arms were to be confiscated.

UK IMPORTS OF MACHINERY

Residents who wish to communicate with the United Kingdom authorities regarding the import into United Kingdom of machinery (including motor vehicles) should note that the address has now been changed to *Board of Trade, Import Licensing Department*, (Ophichinsky) *Second Floor, 10, Abchurch Lane, London E.C. 4, W. 1.*

DEATHS FROM TB

Thirty-two deaths from tuberculosis, six from cancer, seven from pneumonia and one from leprosy, were reported in the week ended August 19, according to the Health Department.

Deaths from all causes were 342 in the week ended August 19.

Train derailed near Taipo

The last train from Kowloon to Taipo on Thursday night jumped the rails as it was approaching Taipo station. Four coaches were derailed but all overturned. None of the passengers was injured.

The coaches were dragged for some distance and as a result sleepers were ploughed up.

Fortunately, the train was going at a slow speed at the time. The line was cleared yesterday and normal train services resumed last night.

Personalia

Messrs. J. G. Haugsted and H. L. Kesteven left for Bangkok yesterday by CFA.

Mr. M. Pallant, Miss Irene Tan and Miss Louise Tan left Hong Kong for Singapore yesterday by CPA.

Departures for Haiphong yesterday by CPA included Messrs. M. Henry, Teben Kit, Li Pal-ming and Mo Ru-jen.

Messrs. M. Rasmussen, Ho Sul-ming, Ho Ink-kwong and Teben Teng left for Haiphong by Air France yesterday.

Among those who left for Hanoi by Air France yesterday were Mrs. D. Hatten, Mrs. Hwang Shou-lan, Messrs. A. Fougaud, Hou Kiang and Teol Chue-ving.

Mrs. M. Dwyer and her four children left for Yokohama yesterday by the *ss. Fenelon*.

Miss G. A. Lilian and Mr. and Mrs. D. Adams arrived here yesterday by the *ss. Pakhol*.

Arrivals from Tongku and Tientsin by the *ss. Yochow* yesterday included the Rev. and Mrs. J. R. Fleming, Dr. M. Rose Findlay, Miss Janie Henderson, the Rev. A. J. Wells, Dr. Mary C. Findlay, John H. Winter, Mrs. E. Findlay, Mrs. J. S. Colchester, Ebrahim Gumbatu, Dr. V. F. Nauman, E. E. Guleres Du Silva, K. G. Nair, Dr. Horst Boeding, Mr. and Mrs. F. Felix Dagnay, and Miss Virginia Dagnay.

Mr. and Mrs. d'Almada e Castro left for the United Kingdom yesterday by BOAC.

Among those who boarded the BOAC plane for the United Kingdom yesterday were Lieutenant-Commander Forry, Messrs. R. L. Elley, S. W. George, W. Winkler and Mr. H. G. Burton.

Departures for Bangkok yesterday by BOAC included Mr. and Mrs. W. Pott, Mrs. C. E. Gardner, Mrs. K. E. Melchiorre and Mr. J. H. Perry.

Mr. Frank L. Dush, Managing Director of the Newspaper Enterprise Limited and the *"China Mail"*, left for Manila by Philippine Air Lines yesterday noon.

Mr. William Willems, an executive of the *Cebu Air Transport*, left for Manila by PAL yesterday. Mr. Willems is going to Europe as travelling on business.

Mr. C. K. Yen, Chinese Nationalist Minister of Finance passed through Hong Kong en route to Paris by PAL yesterday.

Mr. Yen who is accompanied by two assistants is going to Paris to raise a cash loan for the Nationalist Government at Taipei.

Professor J. E. Jensen, Ferens Professor of Philosophy and Psychology in Hull University, will give a talk to parents and church workers at St. John's Cathedral on Tuesday, at 11 a.m. to be preceded by tea at 10.30 a.m.

There will be a lunch in the Cathedral hall at 1 p.m. after the address. Price \$2 a seat.

U.S. LABOUR DAY FILM SHOW

A special motion picture showing will be given on Monday, September 4, at 8 p.m. at the Chinese YMCA, Hong Kong, to mark the United States Labour Day.

Among the movies to be included in the motion picture showing, sponsored by the United States Information Service, are *"The People Sing"*, a musical depicting the ballads, dances and folk songs of the United States; and *"The Machine"*, a motion picture illustrating the importance of the machine in attaining modernity, showing the machines by a thorough knowledge of his trade, and the value of this knowledge as a bargaining point between management and labour.

Correspondence

The Editor takes no responsibility for views expressed in letters by correspondents, and by no means necessarily agrees with them.

BUS RUSH

Sir,—Through the impudence of a Shanghailander I was one of the many unfortunate taken for a ride to the Kowloon City Police Station this morning. I believe it is high time the Kowloon Motor Bus Co. did something to alleviate the congestion of passengers waiting for the No. 5 bus.

I stay at a point two stations after the terminal of the No. 5 route. Scores of people board the same bus and I do every morning at the same place.

After proceeding another two stations the bus is overcrowded. As most of these passengers are office-workers and must or should be in their places at a specified time, imagine the mad scramble to board the bus at every station. A member of the weaker sex must forget she is a lady if she wants a place in the bus.

This morning at a station after that where I boarded the bus, this same mad scramble took place. This time it was different because one of the passengers was asked to leave the bus happened to be nearly anxious to get to his destination.

After 10 minutes of our previous time had been wasted in argumentation (in different dialects) the gates were slammed home and the passengers were told that the bus was going to the Police Station. Imagine my consternation! On arrival we were told to stay seated or standing; no one was allowed to leave the bus.

After another anxious interval we were told we could leave. If we could to do. We either had to leave and try to catch another bus which would in all probability be crowded or remain until the affair was settled and the bus could proceed. I chose the latter course and I had to wait another 20 minutes. Consequently I arrived at office 35 minutes late.

There was no necessity of driving the bus to the Police Station with all the passengers. Any policeman on the way could have stopped and given a stern explanation to him. The culprit could be taken to the Station by the constable and charged and the bus could proceed to its destination. Instead everybody had to lose good time.

Why can't the Motor Bus Co. run another No. 5 during the office hours? Or they can even shorten the intervals of every 15 minutes for just the rush hours. The *Star Ferry Co.* is doing it. The *Hong Kong Tramway Co.* seem to have enough trams on the lines. Instead they have No. 14 bus leaving the terminal every five minutes and passing every station with many empty seats, not to say standing room; besides there is a No. 13 bus on the same route and most of the time also empty.

Will those people with authority try and do something? It is getting to be so bad that it makes one feel as if one perpetually gets up on the wrong side of the bed.

E. F. P.

TALK ON EARLY PORTUGUESE CHINA TRADERS

A talk to which the public is invited will be given under the joint auspices of the Portuguese Institute and the Sino-Portuguese Club at the Lusitano on Friday, at 5.30 p.m.

The talk, which will deal with the history of the early Portuguese traders in China, will be given by Mr. T. T. Chang, M.A., PH.D. and the chair will be taken by Mr. Jack M. Bruck.

Both speaker and chairman are recognised authorities on this subject, and the local subject matter should lead to interesting discussion.



Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Gordon, who were married at St. John's Cathedral yesterday. The bride was formerly Mrs. Olive Leigh. ("China Mail" photo).

TAA crew men leave Kunming

Five crew members of a TAA plane, including two Americans, unable to leave Kunming, since December 21 when the Yunnan Government defected to the People's Central Government, have finally arrived at Lashio in Burma. The "China Mail" learned authoritatively yesterday.

The men are Captain D. D. Garden, Captain S. MacGowan, both American pilots; Mr. A. Ozorio, steward, British subject; Mr. J. Tulado, engineer, Filipino; and A. Adriano, radio operator, Filipino.

They are now waiting for a plane to take them to Rangoon thence to Hong Kong. The men left Hong Kong on December 21, in a chartered Trans-Atlantic Airways plane for Kunming. The charterer's name has never been disclosed.

When the plane arrived at Kunming the same afternoon, the Yunnan authorities, under General Lu Han were in the process of switching allegiance to the new People's Central Government.

The plane was refused clearance to return to Hong Kong. Later, during a Nationalist air raid on Kunming, it was reported that the TAA plane, a C-47 (registered marks: PIC-233) was hit and damaged. It was confirmed that the aircraft was damaged. One unconfirmed report said that the plane was chartered by a wealthy Yunnanese official who wanted to get his family out of Kunming. Other reports said that it was chartered by the Nationalist Government to fly General Lu Han and his family and close associates out of Kunming to enable Nationalist officials in Kunming to take over control of the Provincial Government.

SHIP SAILS FOR CANTON

The *ss. Chu Chiang* of the Ming Sung Industrial Company left port yesterday for Canton after lying idle here for many months.

The *Chu Chiang* was the third vessel of the Company to leave the Colony for Canton since the Reds took control of the Kwangtung Provincial capital. The other two ships, which departed last month, are the *Nu Chiang* and the *Ming Sul*.

Wedding Gordon—Leigh

Mrs. Olive W. F. Leigh, of Lingfield, Surrey, became the bride of Mr. Sidney S. Gordon of Glasgow at St. John's Cathedral yesterday.

Dishon Hall officiated at the ceremony.

The bride, given away by Mr. A. Brenner, was attired in a pink lace over a pink tulle gown with pink and grey accessories. She was attended by Miss J. T. Clerson, who wore a turquoise crepe gown, turquoise hat and black accessories, with a corsage of pink gladioli.

Matron of honour was Mrs. A. Brenner, who had light navy tulle trimmed with cherry and navy accessories over her gown.

Bestman was Mr. A. Miller.

The honeymoon is being spent in the New Territories. For her going away dress, Mrs. Gordon wore a white tulle suit with white accessories and pale mauve corsage.

The bride's parents are Mr. and Mrs. T. Eldon. Present also were Mr. and Mrs. P. Gordon, parents of the bridegroom.

Danish seaman expelled

A 21-year-old Danish seaman, Otto Larsen, member of the *ms. Horta Maersk*, was ordered by Mr. J. Reynolds of Central yesterday to be expelled from the Colony.

Larsen was charged with being in the Colony without permission of the Immigration Authorities and also with being without means of employment and support.

Chief Inspector H. B. J. Brown said that defendant arrived in Hong Kong by the *ms. Horta Maersk* on August 21 and failed to leave with the vessel which sailed the same day.

Defendant reported to the Immigration Office on August 29. Inspector Brown said that the Danish Consulate in Hong Kong was arranging a passage for defendant to enable him to join his vessel at another port.

The Court made an order giving the Danish Consul custody of defendant until such time as he could leave the Colony.

Another European, *Marcelo Lelann*, aged 31, a German, was also charged before Mr. Reynolds with being in the Colony without employment and means of subsistence on August 31.

He was ordered to be expelled and placed in the House of Detention until a passage on a ship could be arranged for him.

OFFICIAL NOTICES APPOINTMENTS

Dr. G. B. Smart, Pathologist effective from March 6, also confirmed to the permanent and pensionable establishment from April 2.

Mr. D. W. Dunlop, Auditor confirmed to the permanent and pensionable establishment, effective from August 4.

Mr. J. H. Warren, Air Traffic Control Officer Grade II, confirmed to the permanent and pensionable establishment, effective from August 9.

Mr. J. P. Hewitt, Surveyor of Ships (Nautical), confirmed to the permanent and pensionable establishment, effective from August 15.

Auxiliary C. de Salla, Robertson Lieutenant and Officer Commanding the Depot, Hong Kong Regiment, effective from August 15.

Mr. C. J. Beckmann, provisional registrar, was Vice-Consul for the United States of America at Hong Kong.

Ask for the Best

ask for delicious
L/C COFFEE

LANE, CRAWFORD'S OWN!

FRESHLY ROASTED DAILY
— Just as you like it! —
FINE—MEDIUM—
COURSE—DRIP

\$4.00
per lb.

1850
Lane, Crawford's
1950

healthy, lustrous hair... naturally!!

STOPS LOSS OF HAIR ★
ELIMINATES DANDRUFF ★
PREVENTS PREMATURE GREYING ★

PANTEEN

THE FIRST VITAMINIZED HAIR TONIC

Sole Agents: ED. A. KELLER & CO., LTD.

Skyroom

ANNOUNCES
AN EXTENDED SEASON OF
Those Sensational Lovable
DARLING TWINS
STARS OF SCREEN STAGE & RADIO
DINNER DANCE NIGHTLY 8 P.M. to 1 A.M.
Tea Dance Sunday Afternoon
4.30 - 6.30 p.m.

FOR RESERVATIONS: Town OfficeTel. 31202
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Hong Kong's Favourite
Night Spot

The **EAGLE**
Ballroom
Music By
Lobin Samsan
with
Jimmy King
at the guitar
FINE VINTAGES
EXCELLENT FOOD

You'll love the
joy rides on the
silver streak, Ferris wheel, merry-go-round, etc., or, relax yourself on the beach and swim in our clean, spacious pool.

Laichikok Park, Kowloon
(Route 6, 12 Buses)
Taxi service available at the entrance.

Come to LAICHIKOK PARK

You'll love the joy rides on the silver streak, Ferris wheel, merry-go-round, etc., or, relax yourself on the beach and swim in our clean, spacious pool.

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KING'S LIBERTY

COMMENCING TODAY

at 2.30, 5.15,
7.20 & 9.30
p.m.

at 2.30, 5.30,
7.30 & 9.30
p.m.



INGRID BERGMAN

IN
DAVID O. SELZNICK'S

Intermezzo

STARRING

INGRID BERGMAN
LESLIE HOWARD

Directed by GREGORY RATOFF

ADDED: Latest War Newsreels

EXTRA SUNDAY MORNING SHOW

KING'S

At 11.30 a.m.
Red SKELTON in
"THAT MAD
MR. JONES"

LIBERTY

At 12.30 p.m.
TECHNICOLOR
CARTOONS

AT REDUCED PRICES

ROXY
AIR-CONDITIONED

BROADWAY
AIR-CONDITIONED

SHOWING TODAY

AT 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

THE YEAR'S MOST OUTSTANDING PICTURE

THE TRUE STORY OF ONE WOMAN'S
PERSONAL EXPERIENCE!

Told the way it
happened... Great as
the love that lived
through it all!



Three Came Home

20. CLAUDETTE COLBERT

TOMORROW MORNING SHOW

ROXY: At 11.30 a.m.
COLUMBIA PICTURE
PRESENTS

A SELECTED
PROGRAMME OF
ENTIRELY NEW
COLORED CARTOONS
AND STORIES
COMEDIES
AT REDUCED PRICES

BROADWAY: At 12.00 Noon
20TH CENTURY-FOX
PRESENTS

ANOTHER SPECIAL
PROGRAMME
"TERRYTOON
TECHNICOLOR
CARTOONS"
WITH MIGHTY MOUSE,
TALKING MAGPIES, ETC.

MYSTERY SURROUNDS TWA PLANE'S CRASH

Tawfikia, Nile Delta, August 31.

Complete mystery tonight surrounded the smash of a Trans-World Airlines Constellation in which 48 passengers and a crew of seven were killed in the desert today.

Investigators, already at work, were spending the night under a clear moonlit sky in the isolated desert spot where the plane crashed and were resuming their investigations at dawn tomorrow.

Conditions in Burma improving

Rangoon, August 31.
Mr. Archibald Rivers, the Burmese Minister for Refugees and Resettlement, today reported a great improvement in the Delta area of South Western Burma, following the Prime Minister, Thakid Nu's tour to bring about better relations between Burmese and Karens.

The Prime Minister's 10-day tour, ending on August 24, was also intended to explain the present situation to the people of the area and to give relief to destitute people and refugees, Mr. Rivers said at a Press conference.

Medical care was provided in villages where it was needed, Mr. Rivers added.

The Prime Minister told gatherings that the losses sustained by the people and the Government through the insurrections totalled over 100 crores of rupees. (One crore equals 10 million rupees).

Over 20,000 people were given relief at a cost of 150,000 rupees by the Minister for Refugees during the visit. The Prime Minister gave liberal donations to repair graves damaged during the insurrections.

The Delta area is one of the centres of KND (Karen National Defence Organisation) activity, the other being the area East of the Sittoung River, including parts of the Thant and Toungoo districts.

Five Members of Parliament representing the Delta constituencies also attended the Press conference, and testified to the improvement in the situation in their areas.

The representative for Pyaw District said that the KNDs were co-operating with the Red Flag Communists and the White Flag Communists were co-operating with the Burmese Communists, resulting in clashes between both groups.

The morale of the Karen National Defence Organisation, it was stated, was fast cracking up, as was shown by the increased response to the Government's amnesty terms.—Reuter.

Labour movement in East

Lake Success, August 31.
The Western powers were warned today that they must give proper incentive to the labour movement in the Far East to prevent its being taken over by radical elements.

S. P. Lopez, of the Philippines, told a special United Nations Colonial Committee that this was particularly true in his country. Mr. Lopez said the hard core of the labour leaders went to Moscow in the twenties, and after training there returned to the Philippines to launch a strong labour organisation. It was not until the thirties that American labour unions tried to "neutralise" Communist influence in the islands. American aid and financial support given to the labour movement had resulted in a tug-of-war between the democratic unions and the Communists for control of the Philippine labour organisation.

"Unless proper precautions are taken to provide incentive and training, labour will continue in a backward state or will develop too fast, both of which would be dangerous," Mr. Lopez said.—United Press.

VATICAN ON HUNGARY

Vatican City, August 31.
Unofficial Vatican sources said today that the Vatican was unlikely to approve any Church-State agreement in Hungary which did not provide for the immediate release of Cardinal Joseph Mindszenty who was sentenced to life imprisonment last year on treason charges.

The reported agreement between the Bishops and State in Hungary was regarded with suspicion in Vatican circles, but no official comment was available.—Reuter.

ARCHBISHOP DEAD

New York, August 31.
Archbishop Christopher Contogeorgis, aged 55, Primate of the Alexandrine Greek Orthodox Church in the United States, died in hospital here last night. His full title was Metropolitan of Pentapolis and Exarch of the Patriarchate of Alexandria. The Archbishop, who was born in Smyrna, became a deacon at 15 and was ordained at 24. A sister survives the Archbishop in Greece.—Reuter.

The investigators' task will be to ascertain whether the plane exploded in mid-air or crashed and caught fire, but this task will not be easy.

Little remains of the plane and identification of the victims may prove most difficult.

Pieces of the plane and personal belongings are scattered all around.

A TWA official in Cairo said that while there was no concrete evidence, the possibility of sabotage must not be ruled out.

The Constellation smashed squarely on the tracks of the Delta Light Railway. The aircraft skidded along the tracks, scorching a great black smear 150 yards long and 60 yards wide.

The clothes were burned or torn from most bodies.

Smashed to bits

The heat in the desert was intense when TWA officials reached the crash scene in a DC-3 which landed on a flat expanse of sand near the wrecked plane. The DC-3 was used to return some bodies to Cairo.

The Constellation had burned, its fuselage, engines and wings were smashed to bits.

A Bedouin told a correspondent that he saw what must have been the plane as it dived towards the earth. He said "A huge red bird came flying through the night."

The plane left Farouk Airport, in the desert North East of Cairo, on a normal flight to Rome at 1.30 a.m. today and, according to a TWA official, 20 minutes later radioed "Everything O.K."

The disaster must have taken place a few minutes later. When no more signals were received from the plane anxiety mounted and, at the first light today, search planes—Egyptian and TWA—took off from Cairo Airport.

Wreckage dispersed

The Constellation was on course but the aircraft had difficulty in searching for the plane as the wreckage was dispersed widely over the desert.

The search planes reported little or nothing to be seen on the ground.

Then, two hours after the search started, the missing plane was located.

Officials set off by road for the scene of the disaster in almost inaccessible desert.

The isolation of the scene of the disaster is indicated by the fact that nobody in the nearest inhabited locality heard the thunderous crash.

The passengers of the plane included the Egyptian film star, Camilla Cohen, several United Nations delegates, wealthy Indians and Americans, Swiss and Italian businessmen.

The bodies of the dead were tonight being moved to Cairo.

Family of four

Camilla Cohen, a favourite star of Egyptian films, partner of the Egyptian actor Eric Portman in the current British film "Cairo Road".

Among the passengers killed were 19 Americans, eight Indians, six Egyptians, three French, three Italians, three Swiss, two Belgians, one Czech, one Dutch, one Greek and one described as Stateless.

The address of the latter, M. Schanfolde, who was going to Paris, was given as 147-50 Kew Gardens, New York.

Among the 19 Americans killed were M. E. M. Baker, Dean of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, and four members of a single family—Mr. Francis Pope and his three children, Helen (15), Mary (11) and a baby.

Mr. Pope, an employee of the TWA, was travelling to Switzerland to put his three children in a school. His wife is still believed to be in Cairo.

The Joint First Officer of the aircraft, Mr. David Fletcher, also flew as a passenger, going on leave.

No indication

As soon as the news of the crash spread, anxious relatives jammed the Airlines offices with inquiries which had to be cut off until the full and accurate casualty list could be ascertained.

The following statement was issued tonight by the European Headquarters of Trans-World Airlines in Paris:

"Information received in the Paris office of TWA is incomplete and offers no indication of the cause of the accident near Cairo. Mr. Warren Lee Pearson, Chairman of the Board of TWA expressed his deepest sympathy for the surviving relatives of the passengers and crew members. Mr. Pearson left Paris immediately for the scene of the accident.

"Mr. Pearson said that TWA had flown 1,001,000,000 passenger miles on its international routes during nearly four years without mishap up to the time of this accident.

Twenty-one bodies arrived at Farouk Airport tonight from the scene of the crash.

Most of the passengers' documents were destroyed in the crash. Twenty-two other bodies will be brought in tomorrow.

Trans-World Airlines said that it had received a message from King Farouk that he was sending an Aide-de-Camp to help headquarters in Paris to obtain all possible information about the crash.

The King also wanted to see what he could do to help as it had happened in his country.—United Press and Reuter.

Britain may cut rubber to Russia

London, September 1.

Britain may move soon to cut mounting sales of rubber to Russia on the Singapore market, diplomatic officials said today. The United States had been prodding Britain to take quick action, these sources said.

Russia gets about three-fifths of her raw rubber supplies from the Malayan Federation. Both the United States and Britain believe that the Russians, who produce synthetic rubber on a big scale, are stockpiling the natural rubber. Soviet purchases on the Singapore commodity market in recent months have shot up.

American and British experts here are paying close attention to scaling back of strategic goods and raw materials to the East.

Britain, officials said, is looking for a way of regulating free sale of all strategic materials without imposing actual market controls.

Russia and her friends freely use sterling area markets to buy up tin and wool as well as rubber. They also buy industrial equipment, machinery of all kinds and certain kinds of machine-tools in this country. In return, they sell timber, grains, food, fur and some consumer goods.—Associated Press.

CHINESE TOLD TO LEAVE U.S.

Boston, August 31.

Three Chinese students studying American textile technique have been ordered to leave the United States because of alleged pro-Communist sympathies though they were sent here by the Chinese Nationalist Government.

The students were notified today by the Deputy District Commissioner, Oliver Remington, of the United States Immigration and Naturalisation Service, that their presence was no longer desired, following an investigation of a recent incident in Saco, Maine.

The students, who are studying under the State Department educational programme, are alleged to have fought with a shop employee after one of them said "Russia was the last two wars and is winning this one."

Another remark attributed to one of the students, was: "Americans are backward and have nothing to be proud of."

Mr. Remington said his department's investigation sustained anti-American charges against the three students. He asked them to leave the country by October 15.

They had been living at Old Orchard Beach, Maine, and were to have completed their studies on Monday.

Mr. Remington said the order did not amount to deportation. The students were not taken into custody.—United Press.

JURY MUDDLE

Chelmsford, August 31.
A man sat out the wrong jury at the Essex Quarter Sessions at Chelmsford today, resulting in a jury of 11 in one Court and a jury of 13 in another, and causing a re-trial.

The Court which was one juryman short, carried on after he had been found sitting with another jury which had just considered a verdict. He had joined this jury in considering the case of James Rigby, aged 24, of Collier Row, near Romford, Essex, who was accused of stealing a car and a rifle.

Overruling an objection by the defence, the Chairman ordered a new trial for Rigby at the next Quarter Sessions.—Reuter.

Cabinet to have talks on defence

London, August 31.

The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, has warned key Cabinet Ministers to be available for top-level defence talks in London next week.

The Cabinet may meet twice during the week. They are expected to discuss the extent of the industrial re-organisation made necessary by the increased defence effort and other implications of the new policy.

Senior Ministers, including the Prime Minister, the Deputy Prime Minister, Mr. Herbert Morrison, and the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, will have a preliminary meeting tomorrow afternoon.—Reuter.

TIBETAN INVASION DENIED

Calcutta, August 31.

Theopon Shakappa, leader of the Tibetan delegation which is in India for talks on Sino-Tibetan relations, today denied that Chinese Communist troops have invaded Tibet.

Shakappa said in an interview that all such reports were unfounded.

"There is no reason for Communist China to invade Tibet," he said.

The Tibetan delegation was to meet Chinese representatives on the border of Hong Kong and China in June, but "British interference" made it impossible for the Tibetans to meet the Chinese timetable.

He explained that when the delegation was about to leave by plane for Hong Kong on June 6, two members of the delegation were refused clearance on grounds that their visas were not in order. The whole eight-man delegation thereupon cancelled the flight and went to New Delhi to contact the Indian Ministry of External Affairs and the United Kingdom High Commissioner.

After a fruitless wait of several weeks for the necessary visas, the delegation returned to Kalimpong to await the arrival of the Chinese Communist Ambassador. There will be no third party at the talks.—United Press.

PAKISTAN AND KOREA

Damascus, August 31.

The Foreign Minister of Pakistan, Sir Zafarullah Khan, said here today that his Government would support the United Nations in the Korean problem and added that appropriate action should be taken against aggression wherever it happened.

Sir Zafarullah made the statement as he arrived here by plane from Karachi on his way to the UN General Assembly session in New York.—United Press.

TRAIN DERAILED

Lampasas, Texas, August 31.

Twenty-five to 30 passengers were injured when a Santa Fe train came off the rails 13 miles from here early today, according to first reports from the scene.

Lampasas is in Central Texas, about 72 miles North of Austin, the capital of the State of Texas. The police said that one was killed and that it appeared that one of the injured was in a critical condition.—Reuter.

MAJESTIC

AIR-CONDITIONED

SHOWING TODAY

At 2.30, 5.20, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

SUNDAY EXTRA SHOW

AT 12.00 NOON



ADDED! LATEST
KOREAN WAR NEWS

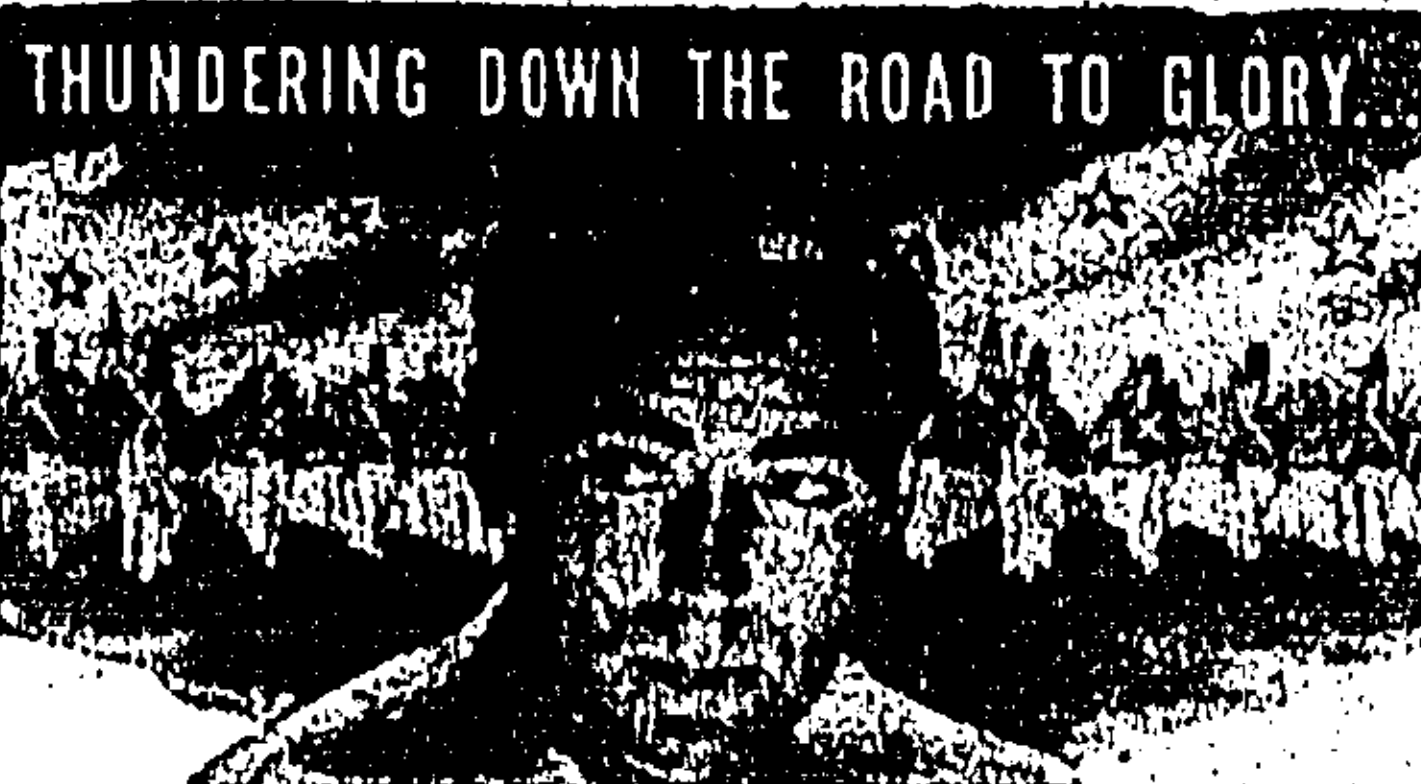
NEXT CHANGE
"EASY MONEY"

LEE Theatre

TAKES ANY EASTERN TRAM OR ROUTE NO. 5 BUS

— COMMENCING TODAY —

Four Shows at 2.30, 5.20 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.



COMES AN ADVENTURE BEYOND COMPARE!

Paramount presents
ALAN DONNA
LADD REED
in
"BEYOND
GLORY"

Adventure... as exciting as the thrill of a battle!
Romance... a great love story comes shining through the shadows of doubt and terror!
Ladd... different and greater than ever before!

With
GEORGE MACREARY • GEORGE COULOURIS
MARION VERMILYEA • HENRY TRAVERS

Produced by ROBERT FILLIOWS
Directed by JOHN FARROW

Added: Latest Paramount and
Gaumont British News

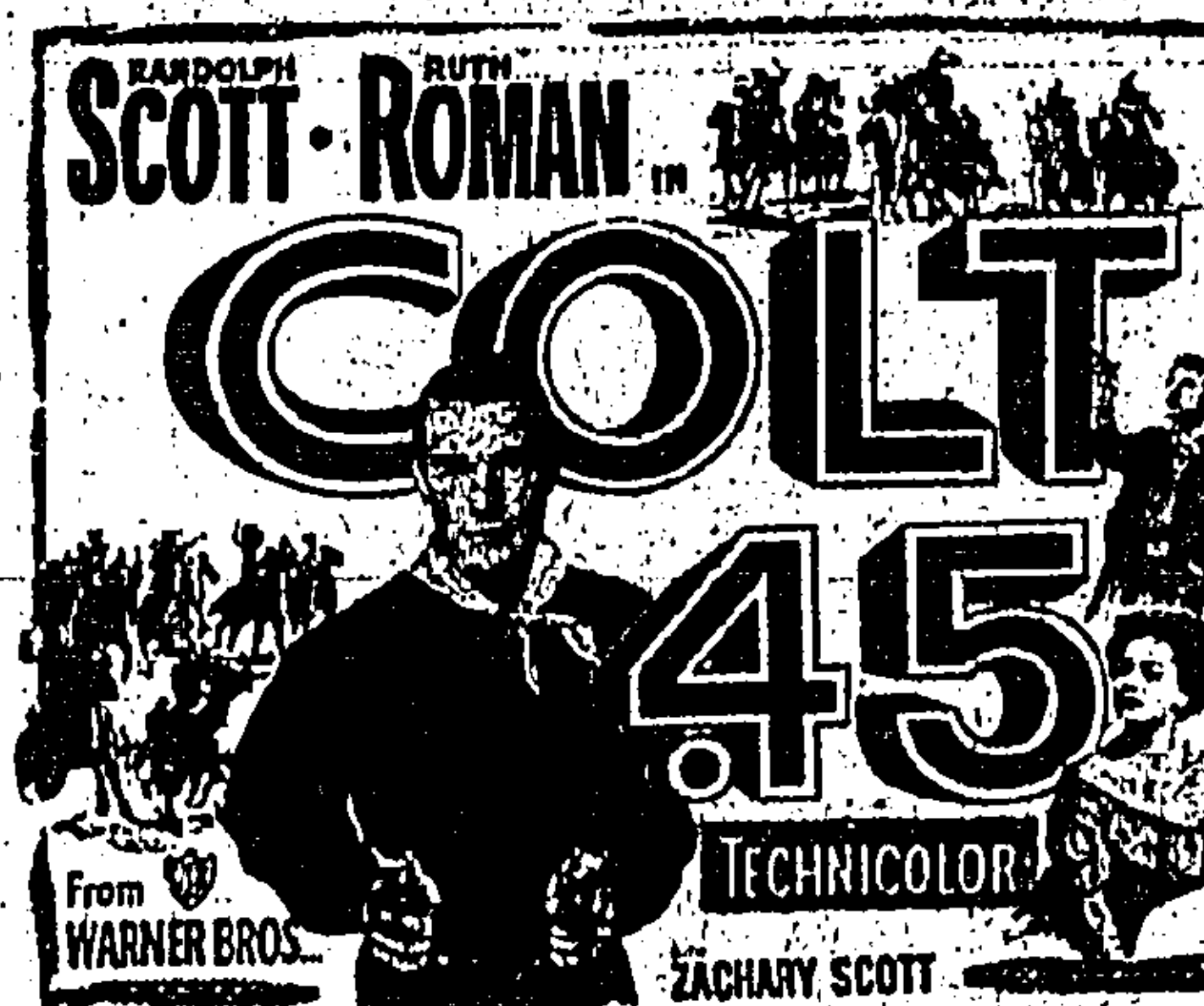
The Battle for Taegu and Pohang—British Troops Embark for Korea—Birthdays Tribute to Princess Margaret—Duke of Edinburgh Awards Yachting Trophies—Latest Fashions and Sports, etc.

QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA

AIR-CONDITIONED AIR-CONDITIONED

SHOWING TODAY At 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

WARNER BROS. BIG TECHNICOLOR-WESTERN!



— 5 SHOWS TOMORROW —

EXTRA PERFORMANCE "COLT 45"

QUEEN'S ALHAMBRA

AT 11.30 A.M. AT 12 NOON

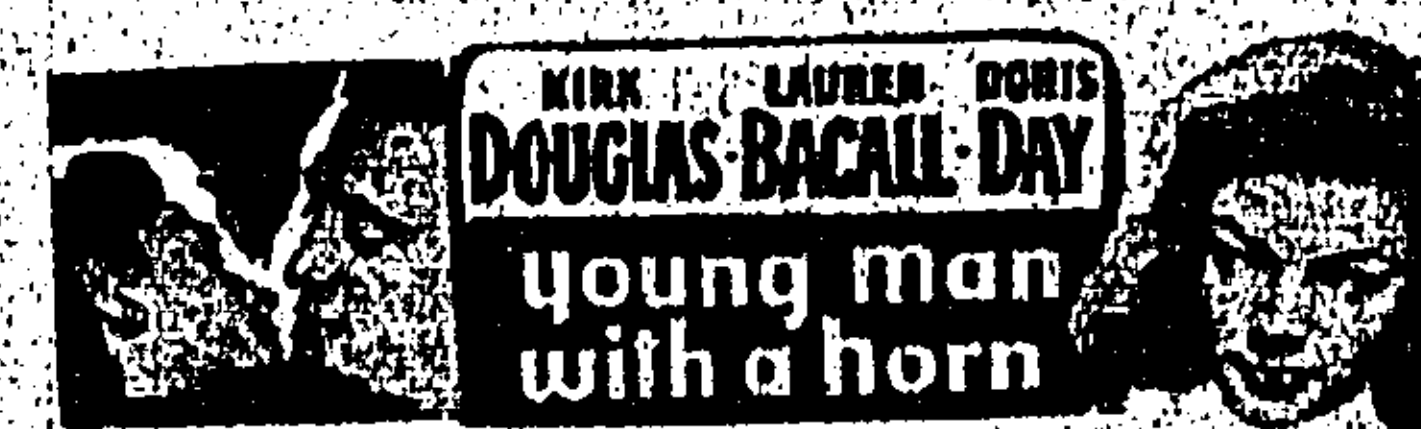
ORIENTAL

AIR-CONDITIONED

TAKE ANY EASTERN TRAM CAR OR HAPPY VALLEY BUS

Showing Today: 2.30, 5.30, 7.30 & 9.30 p.m.

NOT MUCH IN THE TITLE, BUT IT'S AN ACTION PACKED ROMANTIC-COMEDY! VERY GOOD ENTERTAINMENT!



Special Morning Show Tomorrow at 12.30

BUD & LOU in "PARDON MY SARONG"

ANNOUNCEMENT

Until further notice the

STAR THEATRE

will be closed for renovation and redecoration from September 1st, 1950.



SUPER AIR SERVICE
FAR EAST — EUROPE BY LUXURIOUS DC-6
 FLY ABOVE THE WEATHER — IN PRESSURIZED,
 AIR-CONDITIONED, RADIANT-HEATED CABIN.
 SMOOTH — SWIFT — SILENT

Every Friday
 TO LYDDA, ROME, ZURICH, FRANKFURT, COPENHAGEN,
 STOCKHOLM
 CONNECTING SAS-SERVICES TO 18 EUROPEAN COUNTRIES
 TO NEW YORK VIA GLASGOW
 TO BUENOS AIRES VIA RECIFE, RIO DE JANEIRO
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OBITUARY

KILLED ON DUTY. Mr. E. C. Luscombe, 33 years of age, Assistant Commissioner of Police, and Detective Sub-Inspector A. Leslie, 35 years of age, Detective Sub-Inspector of Police at Tsimshui, Kowloon, on the morning of September 1, 1950.

A FALLACY EXPLODED

The United Nations forces in Korea have begun a large-scale programme to integrate Republic troops into every American combat division. It was tried out some time ago and the test cases proved so successful that thousands of the Koreans are now being integrated into American units, where they will be given the same duties and privileges as the American soldiers. The Korean Defence Minister said the troops of the Republic were delighted over this development, and he expressed the hope that the system would extend also to the British and other United Nations forces.

The decision has many things to commend it, but first and foremost it is a gesture of confidence which the Korean troops have earned in battle action during the past six weeks. Not long ago most people would have regarded Koreans as poor military material, and in the balance of that judgment the excitement and ferocious discipline the race has often shown in the past weighed as heavily as the impression of a decadent, pacifist people whose martial traits had vanished.

The remarkable showing of the North Koreans led many to attribute it to the effects of Communist indoctrination. Then it became clear that the South Koreans could fight at least as well, if not better. It was a very important revelation, with a variety of political as well as psychological meanings. It was all the more important because of the tremendous impression created throughout Asia by the way in which the Chinese Communists overran the country from Chungking to Canton.

Repeated tributes have in fact been paid by American officers and war correspondents to the fighting prowess of the force that was originally organised as a kind of special constabulary, with no tradition and no prestige. And even when it was converted into an Army it was still essentially a defence rather than a striking force. The performance of these men in the first week fulfilled all the worst expectations. They fled and left their equipment behind. So did the Communists, after all in the first world war when they met the Whites for the first time. But as soon as the Americans came on the scene they rallied and ever since they have proved their worth. They were welded into a stubborn and resourceful fighting force of some 50,000 and seldom gave ground unless ordered to do so.

Some of the units have been in almost continuous combat ever since the conflict began. They have a pretty

The Protectorates of Bechuanaland, Basutoland, and Swaziland are remote, unimportant, and expensive units of Britain's Colonial Empire.

But the quarrel about their future ownership, which has been brewing now for 40 years, may lead to a dangerous Commonwealth split.

If badly handled it may serve to sway the balance of loyalties in the Union just far enough away from Britain to make the Nationalist dream of a Republic of South Africa a practical possibility.

The tragedy of the Protectorates is that there is a great deal of right on both sides.

The three territories make large red patches on the map of South Africa, alien patches which like the unlucky Polish Corridor, split up other people's land and are a constant and understandable annoyance.

Illegal entry

The Union's laws stop short on the boundaries of these territories, across which innumerable snooks are cocked at angry South Africans.

As examples:—Stockmen of Bechuanaland also crossed cattle to stray over the border into the Transvaal and infect huge herds, otherwise protected by tight legislation.

Swaziland, squeezed between Portuguese East Africa, Natal and the Transvaal, is an easy and much-used route for illegal immigrants into South Africa.

Much of South Africa's effort to prevent her peace water is negated by farming in the spungy, mountain-top basins of Basutoland.

South Africans say that, apart from rearing such nuisances as these, they could do far more for the territories than Britain, with her limited funds, has been able to do.

They could extend their railway system to open up thousands of square miles of undeveloped land; send in their experts to exploit huge mineral wealth; solve the problem of their millions of homeless natives by settling big communities in now sparsely inhabited areas.

Sound reasons

These are all sound arguments, and they were conceded long ago, when Britain gave her blessing.

good idea of what they are fighting for and their morale is high. The Korean soldier, too, is far more effective in handling infiltrations. He doesn't suffer from the language difficulty which made it so hard for the Americans to cope with this Communist technique. Probably the Korean is much more ruthless about it, which has both advantages and disadvantages.

There is nothing very new about the idea of brigading troops in this way. It was the usual practice in the Army of British India, and it proved its value in a thousand battles and in many other ways too. The relations between the British officer and the Indian and Gurkha other ranks, and between the British soldier and his opposite number were almost invariably most cordial. Without that spirit, the system might have been less successful than in fact it was.

In the operations in the territory around Pohang the Republic troops have played the greater part, but they appreciated the support they obtained from American tanks and gunners as much as the Americans recognised the offensive spirit and fighting qualities of the Korean infantry. The excellent teamwork on this sector suggests that when the system is extended throughout the forces it will yield similar results.

Much capital had been made by Communists and their sympathisers about the alleged dynamism of the North Koreans and the futility of the Republic troops, which was, of course, attributed to the "reactionary" character of their Government and the poverty of the cause they served. If it were true, it would be a matter of wide spread influence in Asia. The South Koreans have proved that this is a fallacy and for the time being the United Nations offensive has been maintained. The forces will be doubly proved.

DANGER LURKS IN "POLISH CORRIDOR" OF AFRICA

By Michael Ardizzone

to the South Africa Act of 1910, whereby four self-governing colonies—the Cape, the Transvaal, the Orange Free State, and Natal—were merged into the Union of South Africa.

This unity was the good that sprang from the three-year horror of the Boer War. A much greater unity was, however, envisaged—a country which would include the three Protectorates, long governed by Britain, and Southern Rhodesia as well.

The Rhodesians have had several opportunities of joining the Union, but have rejected them owing to the presence in South Africa of a Nationalist Party, already more than once in office, which is in favour of leaving the Commonwealth, while the Rhodesia is fiercely loyal to Empire ties.

Southern Rhodesia is a self-governing colony, so this is a matter which has nothing to do with Britain. The Protectorates, however, governed as they are from Whitehall, via the British High Commissioner in South Africa, are an altogether different matter.

In the Act

When the South Africa Act was made there was special provision for the Protectorates to be incorporated into the Union without new legislation.

It was laid down that: "The King, with the advice of the Privy Council, may, on addresses from the Houses of Parliament of the Union, transfer to the Union the government of (these territories)."

Although South Africans of all Parties have always wanted the Protectorates, there addresses to the King have never been made. More than probably they would have been made by Field Marshal Smuts himself, had not two world wars intervened.

Even now Dr. Malan, though pressing for the transfer of the Protectorates "as by right," does not intend to approach His Majesty under the terms of the South Africa Act, preferring to resume negotiations which were going on at the outbreak of World War II.

The British Government should not be placed in the difficult

position of having to decide, he told the Union Parliament on April 13.

Other side

What Dr. Malan knew—and here we are coming to the other side of the picture—was that the Privy Council's advice to His Majesty would be "No," and the "No" would not be long in coming.

For Britain has certain pledges in this matter of the Protectorates. Mr. Gordon-Walker repeated them in the House of Commons on March 21, when he said:—

"There can be no question of transferring the territories without consulting the natives and the British Parliament."

Everybody in South Africa knows that the natives of Bechuanaland, Basutoland, and Swaziland are violently opposed to incorporation. Their attitude was summed up the other day by Dr. Arthur Keppel Jones, the author of a best-selling political shocker: "When Smuts Goes."

"These people in their own territories retain their self-respect and freedom," he said. "We invite them into the Union to 'pass laws,' private bills and 'European' only. Our policies are deliberately repulsive to them, the idea of winning their consent to incorporation becomes grotesque."

What benefit?

Letlie Motsoene, Senior District Chief of Basutoland, spoke thus for his own people:—

"What possible benefit can there be? We are waiting for someone to give us a good reason why we should join the Union."

"No," therefore, is inevitable for the time being. If it were to come very soon, as an answer to an address to the King, it would embarrass the Union Government far more than Dr. Malan suggests it would.

barriers the British Government, with the two political Parties in the Union still violently divided, and unlikely to agree on anything, this is why, according to some observers in South Africa, Dr. Malan is choosing negotiation, which has the merit of being slow.

It's not all fun for the ski-ing Trieste shipbuilder

By David Lee

On a recent Sunday morning there was a "festa" atmosphere in Trieste's largest shipyards where some of the world's finest ships have been born.

Eighty-coloured flags festooned the dark cranes, 15,000 shipyard workers, their wives and families in their Sunday-best swarmed through the shipyard gates without clocking in.

A vivacious young lady in the midst of straw hat and a button, sending a bottle of sickly sweet Italian-style champagne, "pompante," crashing against the bows of a new ship—the first liner to be built in Trieste since the end of the war. It was the 13,000-ton Australia, which will fly the Lloyd-Trieste shipping line flag on the "Down Under" run.

Enjoy it

The Australia had barely settled in the Adriatic, the sirens had not stopped sounding, when the wine started to flow in the canteens and neighbouring cafes.

At this holiday atmosphere, Harry Zuzig, 30-year-old Trieste shipbuilder's carpenter, who 22 years ago, decided, to make shipbuilding his life, and has never regretted it.

Working under brilliant day-long sunshine on the edge of the clear sea, Harry Zuzig lives a life which differs from that of his counterparts in other countries as much as the scenic surroundings.

Although Trieste workers earn moderate pay, and work long hours, they are able to enjoy life. "I earn 7,500 lire (approximately £4. 6. 8.) for a 48-hour week, after income tax and unemployment payments have been deducted," Harry told me. "With high prices it does not go far."

Harry Zuzig, a week's pay, "The ordinary shift he was wearing cost him three days' money. Steak is six shillings a pound, butter six shillings and sixpence, and bacon ten shillings."

How then does Harry Zuzig live? He pays only eighteen shillings a month for a room, and is on the waiting list for a new council flat—three rooms, kitchen, bathroom, and sun balcony at a cost of ten shillings a week.

Harry Zuzig, a week's pay, "The ordinary shift he was wearing cost him three days' money. Steak is six shillings a pound, butter six shillings and sixpence, and bacon ten shillings."

Harry Zuzig, a week's pay, "The ordinary shift he was wearing cost him three days' money. Steak is six shillings a pound, butter six shillings and sixpence, and bacon ten shillings."

No visitors for Josef

By IAN COLVIN

The Hotel Continental, in Munich, has risen like a big white mushroom out of the rubble of Hitler's party capital.

Josef, the wizened old porter who saw the old hotel topple under the impact of RAF bombs, comes and fetches my shoes again as if nothing had happened in the past 12 years. As fast as the bronzed German workmen outside finish a section of the building—and they finish it fast—the decorators and furnishers are in, and there are more rooms ready for the tourists—who don't arrive!

Due to aid

Just as the West Germans were getting their house in order—it has been 60 per cent due to Marshall Aid and 40 per cent to the fanatical tempo of the German worker—the war in Korea broke out.

American tourists hastened to cancel their bookings for the Oberammergau Passion Play. The coupon-free German economy was put to a severe strain, as housewives rushed to the shops to buy up tinned foodstuffs.

Josef, the porter, sighs as he looks round the new hotel that still smells of damp mortar. The chief prospector over beautiful steaks and lobster with nobody there to buy them. It looked as if a wave of prosperity was about to make everybody happy in Bavaria. Then this had to happen. "It's very difficult to know how to advise my former officers," said an old German general.

"Some of them want to join the East German police force—good pay, long service, and home for the family. Here in the West they are still treated as militarists and find it hard to get a job."

The East German police correspond in people's minds to the North Korean army—a professional force trained and controlled by the Soviet Army. Everybody is talking about Allied proposals to rearm a West German contingent in Europe, but Germans are cautious about hailing such a move.

Russian bribes

If a German buried the old family saw in his back garden five years ago, writes the "Frankfurter Zeitung," "he was liable to be arrested for undemocratic behaviour. If he declares himself against rearmament today, he is likely to meet the same reproach."

The American forces are the barometer of public feeling in Germany. The Germans want to know how they feel about the Korean situation, and so do the Russians who have been trying to bribe half a dozen of Munich's principal barmen to report the conversations of U.S. officers over lunch-time highballs.

G.I.s strolling in garrison towns these days as before. There is a new emphasis on training, and the heathland round a little spa town where a played was being used for local exercises.

I came upon a retired German officer watching, with professional interest, as the Americans handled their arms and advanced across open country.

Every German feels the Korean situation as keenly as the British. They feel that one day General Vincent Mulier, in Potsdam, with his East German constabulary, will, at a word from Moscow, play the role of the North Koreans and march West.

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Delegates from countries outside the Soviet bloc, were sold yesterday to have been very Gindwyn Jebb took over the Security Council presidency.

It's too late now, but I understand this vegetable hawk who gave birth to quads was not licensed for mass production.

Increased pay to British servicemen will cost £68,500,000. I am able to state that the amount taken back in income tax will be slightly less than £68,500,000.

In divided Berlin, fools are Russian in where Anschluss fears to tread.

After crashing its way through a spectators' gallery, according to an agency despatch, a bull in Spain returned to the ring and "met" the usual fate, but promoters of the fight did not. The spectators' blood thoroughly roused, complained bitterly at this anti-climax.

British troops in Korea and American coffee revolting. Complete blackout of news about Coca-Cola.

"Squadron-Leader Trevor had wagged that the trip would not take him longer than the time in which it was actually accomplished."

Everybody's got a racket. Everybody's got a plan. If you want your garbage tipping. You must tip the garbage man.

When passing these Chinese wine shops, I look the other way. There's something I don't like about a snake in the glass.

No, Myrtle, this dam on the Volga is not expected to be a curse. I deprecate such Volga remarks.

More combat divisions should be sent to Western Germany, urges the U.S. High Commissioner. This is the real McCoy.

A gardener in Paris has married his wealthy employer. He certainly knew his onions.

Are you coming down for your tea or do I have to cut you down?



INDIA CHANNEL OF LIAISON BETWEEN AMERICA & PEKING

Washington, August 31.

Informed quarters disclosed today that India has urged the United States to give Communist China more specific assurances of the American Government's friendly intentions toward the Chinese people.

India has expressed its belief that some substantial American statement ought to be most effective in keeping the Chinese Reds from becoming embroiled with Americans in Korea or clashing with them over Formosa.

The Indian suggestion has not been made the subject of a formal note but has been communicated informally to the American authorities here in Washington.

SEQUEL TO RED CHARGES

Lake Success, August 31.

The chief U.S. delegate, Mr. Warren R. Austin, told the Security Council tonight that a United States fighter plane may have strayed into Manchurian airspace by mistake on August 27.

Mr. Austin spoke as Russia's Jacob A. Malik ended his Presidency of the Council in the midst of another bitter procedural wrangle like those that have paralyzed the Council for 31 days.

The U.S. delegate proposed that the UN set up a commission to investigate at once the reported attack and to assess damages. The United States would be willing to pay whatever damages the commission decided were fair.

Mr. Austin also proposed that Communist North Korea and Communist China be asked to give the proposed commission a safe conduct pass to permit a full inquiry.

The United States has not fully confirmed the reported attack, he said, but there is reason to believe that one F-51 aircraft of the 67th Fighter Bomber Squadron may have by mistake violated Manchurian territory and strayed an air strip five miles across the border from Korea.—Associated Press.

WASHINGTON TARGET AREA, SAYS SENATOR

Washington, August 31.

Senator Brian McMahon told Congress today that Russia is stockpiling atom bombs, and that vital United States agencies must therefore be dispersed out of the Washington target area.

The Connecticut Democrat, who is chairman of the House and Senate Atomic Energy Committee, urged Congress to rush action on President Truman's request for dispersal funds.

"It is a solemn fact that Soviet Russia today possesses some atomic bombs," Senator McMahon said in a statement. "Ordinary common sense and prudence require us to take certain steps in the light of that solemn fact."

President Truman on Wednesday asked for \$139,800,000 with which to start a long-range plan for moving key agencies out of Washington as a precaution against a sneak atomic bomb attack.

"So long as Russia possesses atomic bombs," Senator McMahon said, "our vital Government agencies should not be huddled together in downtown Washington."

The destruction of the headquarters of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, of intelligence and military and civil defence agencies—or even their immobilization for one day—would be a grave setback to the U.S. war effort.

The atomic armaments race had reached a point where no thoughtful person could evade the conclusion that international control of atomic energy is the heart of the question of peace.

Only course.

Without that control, he said, nothing is solved. He continued: "I still believe that only a great moral crusade for peace—and by peace I mean fool-proof world-wide control of weapons—can save mankind."

He said: "I still believe that, given faith and boldness and positive action, we can yet win through to a peace with justice."

The Administration is rushing plans to scatter highly vulnerable agencies through the Maryland and Virginia countryside in a 50-mile radius of the capital. Thus, a single atom bomb would not be able to cripple the entire Government.

In his request to Congress, Mr. Truman said the money will be used to initiate a long-range plan to insure continuity of the essential functions of Government, even in the event of emergency.

Official sources confirmed that India, on her own initiative, has been acting as a channel of liaison between the United States and Communist China, in the hope of giving each of the two Governments a better understanding of the other's position on certain important aspects of the Far Eastern situation.

There is every indication that the Indians are making the greatest possible efforts to keep the war in Asia from spreading.

Indian officials have transmitted to Peking, where their Ambassador, K. N. Panikkar, enjoys unusual popularity among Communist Government officials, the texts of several American official statements denouncing that the United States has no aggressive designs on Formosa.

More effective

The Indian Government appeared to feel, however, that it would be more effective if the United States would definitely support the Potsdam Declaration promising Formosa to China.

The Indians also believe that a very salutary effort would be produced by an American Government indication that it would not oppose eventual admission of Communist China to the United Nations.

Although India took the initiative in maintaining this channel of communication between the two Governments, which do not recognise each other, it was

learned that the United States itself on two occasions specifically asked New Delhi to convey certain information to the Chinese Reds.

Two requests

One of these occasions was when the State Department asked India to see that Peking was informed of President Truman's statement in his message to the Congress recently that the United States had no territorial designs on Formosa.

The other occasion was when the United States directed its Ambassador in New Delhi, Loy Henderson, to ask the Indian Government to use its good offices to persuade the Chinese Communist Government to enter the Korean conflict.—United Press.

Soviet-East German peace treaty

Bonn, Germany, August 31.

Russia and the Soviet Zone Communist Government of East Germany have agreed upon a secret draft of a peace treaty, the West German Ministry for All-German Affairs said today.

The Ministry said Chancellor Konrad Adenauer and the West German Government have known for 10 days of the existence of the treaty.

The draft treaty calls for the withdrawal of Soviet occupation troops from the Soviet Zone within six months of its conclusion and the creation of a 250,000-man armed force in East Germany.

The treaty was said to give the Communist-controlled Eastern State jurisdiction over the Western Allied Zones and the West German Federal Republic area by the assertion that its provisions were valid for "all of Germany." It also implied eventual Communist domination to rule Western Berlin for it called for the outlawing of the Western Allied Mark in the Western sectors of the city within three months of the treaty's ratification.

The treaty also placed "foreigners"—presumably Western Allied occupation personnel—under East German control.

Such provisions could only be enforced by Communist or Soviet occupation of West Berlin and West Germany.—United Press.

TARIFF POLICY MAY CHANGE

Washington, August 31.

The State Department said today the United States proposes to end certain tariff concessions granted to Nationalist China.

An announcement said this action results from the Nationalist government's withdrawal last May from the general agreement on tariffs and trade negotiated at Geneva in 1947.

The Department said it will make public within a few days the list of concessions being withdrawn and the new rates of duty which will apply.—Associated Press.

New Delhi, August 31. The Government announced today further derogation of duties in most parts of India, including Delhi, from September 1.—Associated Press.

ALLIED STAND IN GERMANY

Berlin, August 31.

An American High Commission spokesman in Berlin said tonight that any peace treaty which might be concluded between the Soviet Union and the East German Government would obviously not be binding on the West German Federal Republic or recognised by the Allies.

The spokesman referred to a report published in today's "Die Welt," an independent West German newspaper, which claimed that a secret draft peace treaty between the Soviet Zone and the Federal Republic was being provided for the early withdrawal of Russian occupation troops.

"According to this document, the Soviet Union will maintain that such a peace treaty is valid for the whole of Germany," "Die Welt" said.

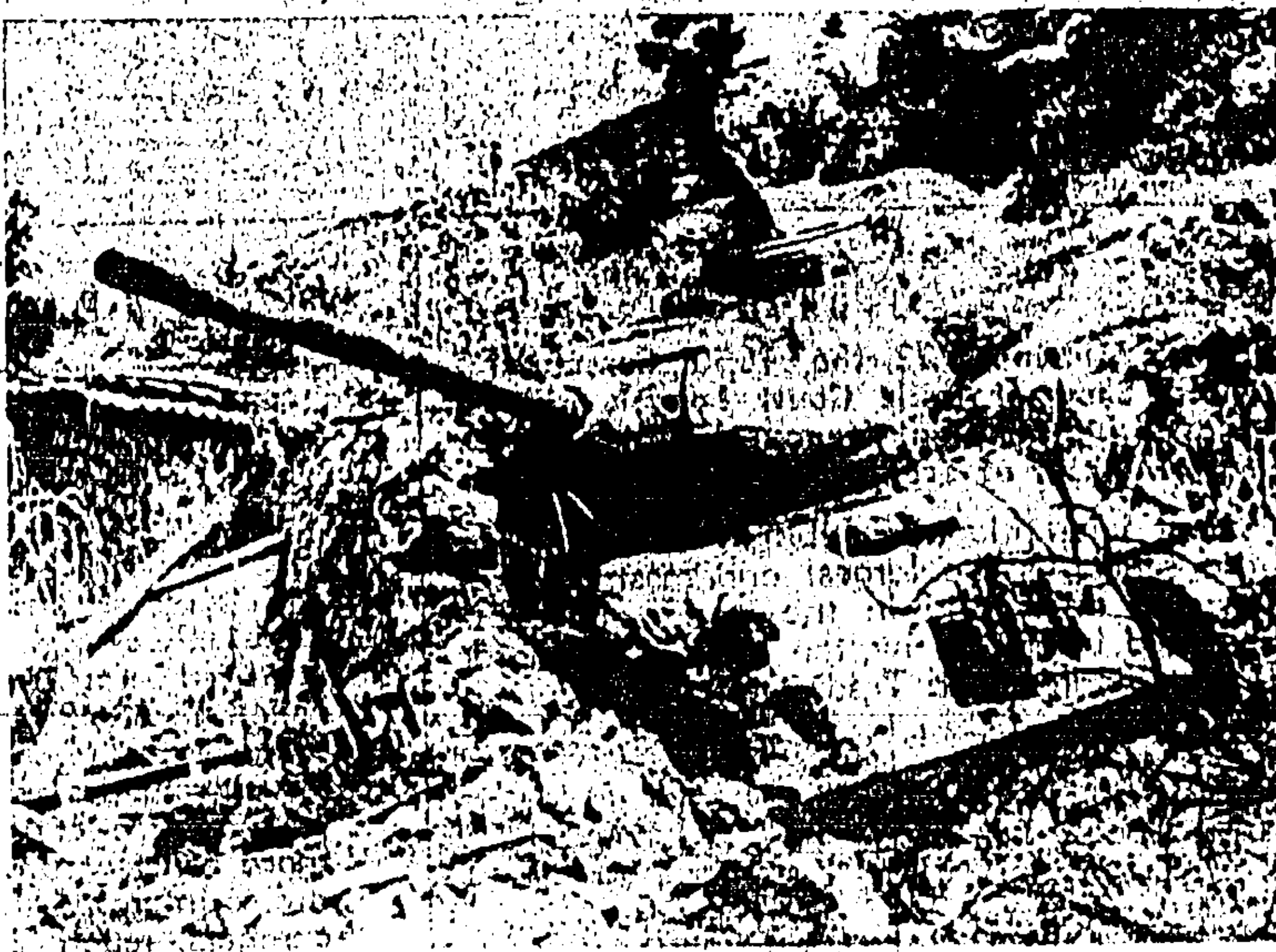
The document referred to the forced withdrawal of occupation troops from West Berlin, at the same time as the Russian troops withdrew.

The United States spokesman declared, however: "In view of the statement regarding Berlin, it should be reiterated that we stand on our rights in Berlin."

He disparaged the reported peace draft as obviously not a legal document but a paper stemming from a journalist or a propagandist.

The British authorities in Berlin would not comment on the authenticity of the "peace draft." Herr Anton Ackermann, the State Secretary of the East German Foreign Ministry, and a member of the Politburo of the Socialist Unity Party (Communist), today told the West German news agency, DPA: "There is no peace draft in existence and certainly not the one published by 'Die Welt'."

Wrecked Red Korean tank



A North Korean tank lies wrecked amid rubble at Indong, North of Waegwan, on the Nakdong River front after a South Korean attack. (Associated Press Photo).

Malik's insistence on hearing Red charges

Lake Success, August 31.

The Security Council met today — the last day of the Soviet delegate, Mr. Jacob Malik's month as President — with a full agenda: Korea headed the list of items to be discussed, but there were also several other items proposed by Mr. Malik.

Police fire on strikers in Bombay

Bombay, August 31.

Two were killed today and at least 23 injured, when police opened fire on workers taking part in the 24-hour general strike.

The police arrested 120 strikers. The strike closed down bus and tram services and partially affected oil, engineering and metal industries. Ships were loaded by labourers who replaced the strikers.

Half of the city's postal and telegraph workers joined in the strike, which had been called to enforce the demands of striking textile workers for a three-months pay grant instead of the two-months grant awarded by a Government arbitration commission.

The Home Minister Morarji Delal, told a Press conference that the strike was falling.—United Press.

DUTCH FORCES FOR KOREA

Hague, August 31.

The Netherlands will probably send a battalion of ground forces and a company of marines to Korea, it was officially announced today.

A certain number of the 2,100 men who have volunteered, will be refused for reasons such as poor health and lack of military training.

Meanwhile reports from Indonesia indicate that there many Dutch soldiers want to go to Korea. There number will be added to those who registered in Holland.

Belgium has passed the half-way mark in recruiting its volunteer battalion for Korea.

A total of 504 valid requests for enlistment have been received, with only 223 more needed to reach full strength. Altogether 180 applications have been turned down, most for being over age.

There were 32, however, who were turned down because they were applying from prison.

The National Defence Ministry expects the battalion to reach full strength shortly.—Associated Press.

On the agenda were the following:

- (1) The question of Korea.
- (2) Formosa.
- (3) Chinese Communist complaints of alleged American bombing of Manchurian towns.
- (4) "The unceasing terrorism and mass executions in Greece".

Mr. Mahmoud Fawzi Bey (Egypt) complained that the agenda contained too many items and only caused confusion.

During the month of the Soviet Presidency, he said, the Council had talked and talked and done nothing concrete toward solving the Korean conflict.

"We have reached a new low in the way we conduct business here," he declared.

Dr. T. F. Tsiang, the Chinese Nationalist delegate, objected strongly to a discussion of the Chinese Communist complaints on the ground that this was an attempt to prevent the Council from dealing with Korea.

Alleged bombing of Manchuria

Referring to the item on Greece, Dr. Tsiang said that if Russia was so concerned with human rights in Greece it should welcome a United Nations investigation into human rights everywhere, including the Soviet Union.

Mr. Malik, speaking as Soviet delegate, introduced a resolution calling upon the Council to tell the United States to stop alleged "illegal acts" or bombing in Chinese territory in the Korean-Manchurian area.

In explaining why he insisted on placing the Chinese charges on the agenda, Mr. Malik asked the Council to place full responsibility for the alleged damage on the United States.

The Soviet draft resolution also called on the Council to hold the United States responsible for all results which might arise from the alleged American bombing of Manchuria.

Mr. Malik said that the Soviet Union "decisively insists" on the inclusion of this item and insists on its consideration.—Router.

Rio de Janeiro, August 31. The Brazilian destroyer Amazonas today rammed a ferry-boat in Rio Bay, badly damaging it, the owner reported.

No deaths were reported but some people were injured. The ferry-boat, crowded to capacity, was sailing from Niteroi to Rio.—Router.

Task force "to fight anywhere"

London, August 31.

Reliable sources said today that Britain is forming a "task force" of several army divisions and air squadrons in preparation for possible Communist aggression.

The task force would be held in reserve, ready to act anywhere.

The formation of this force underlined the British determination to place the nation's armed forces on a new war footing as a result of the Korean war.

The Prime Minister, Clement Attlee, on Wednesday night announced that National Service would be extended from 18 months to two years, and that Service pay would be increased to build up combat units.

These pay increases would cost the Government £88,500,000 annually.

These sources said the men for the task force would be obtained by transferring thousands of desk soldiers to fighting units.

The balance would be made up by an extension of conscription.—United Press.

BRITISH COASTER REFLOATED

Casablanca, August 31.

The small British coaster, La Maria Angela, of Gibraltar, which went aground on the West coast of Morocco on August 21, was refloated yesterday and towed to Casablanca for repairs.

Lifting equipment sent from Casablanca raised her after salvage experts had removed the engine and other heavy parts.

The La Maria Angela went aground near Mazagan in dense fog and heavy seas. The crew of seven Portuguese were uninjured, and the cargo was saved.

The ship was considered lost but her owner, Mr. Caulfield of Tangier, insisted on trying to salvage her.—Router.

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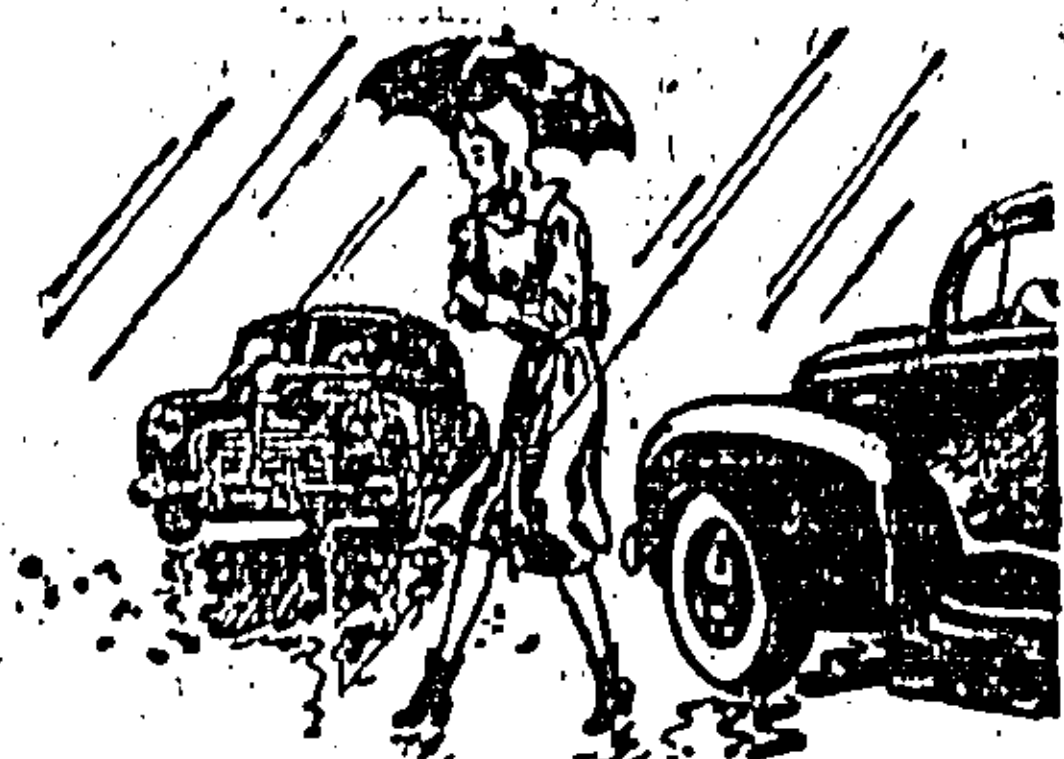
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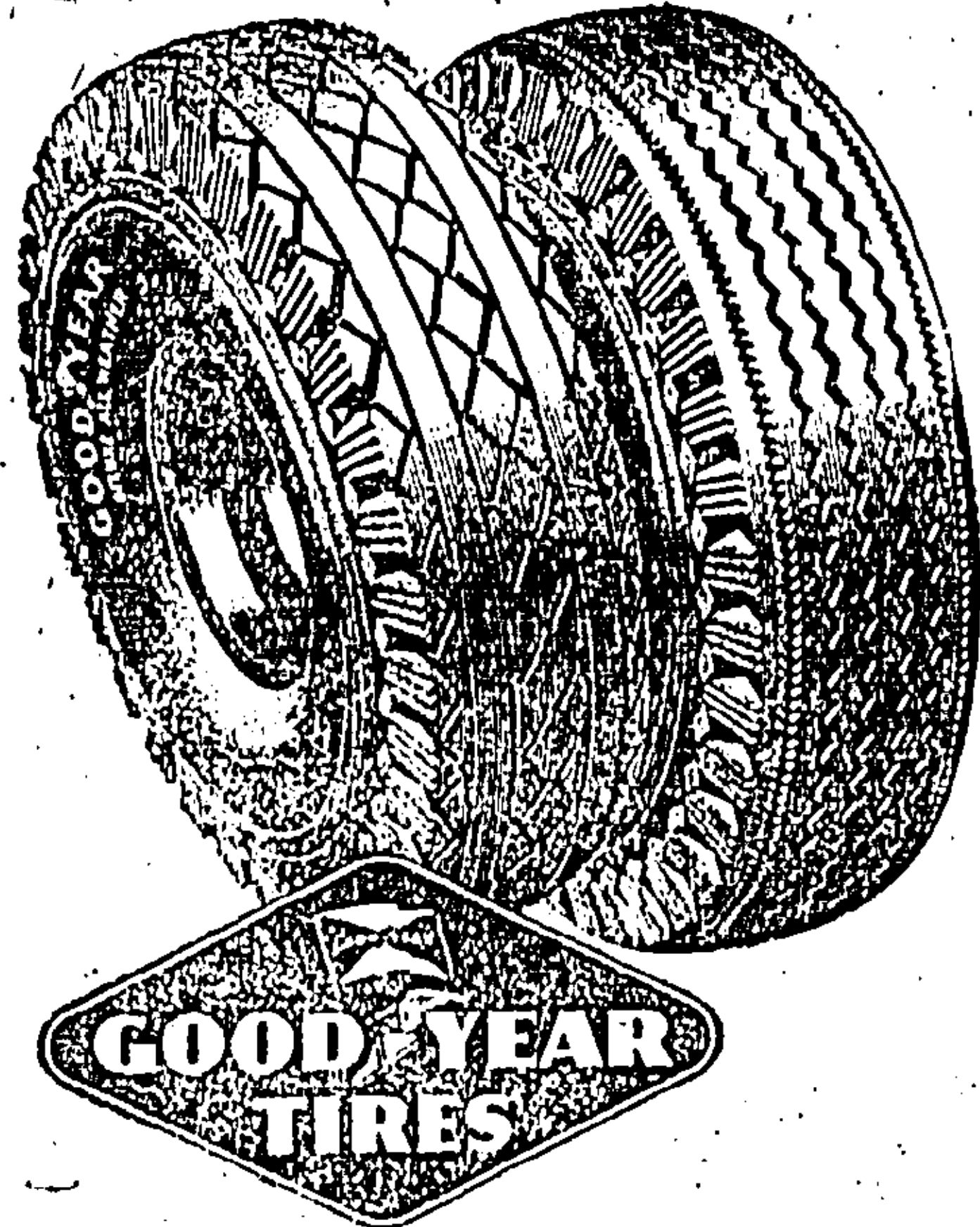
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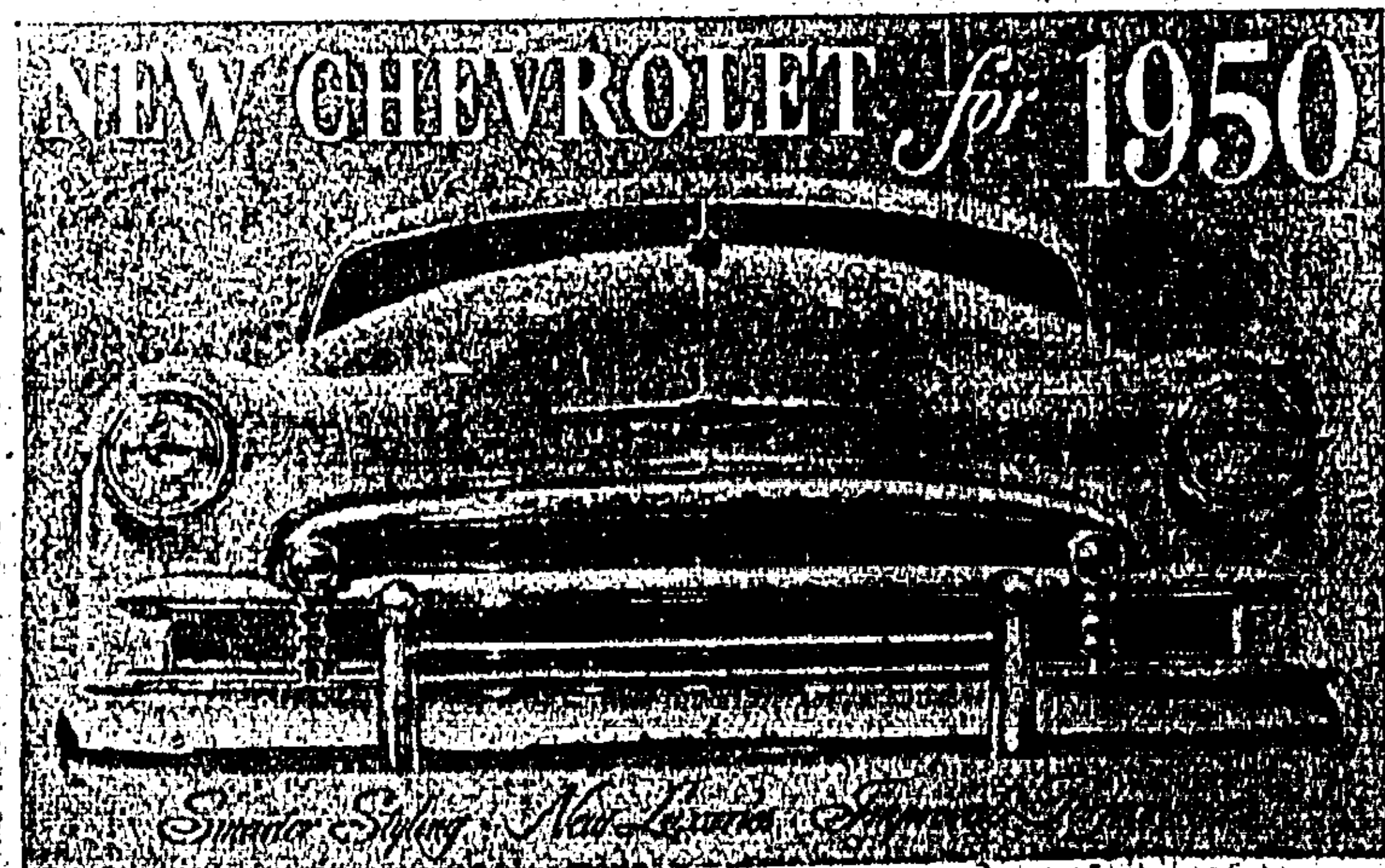
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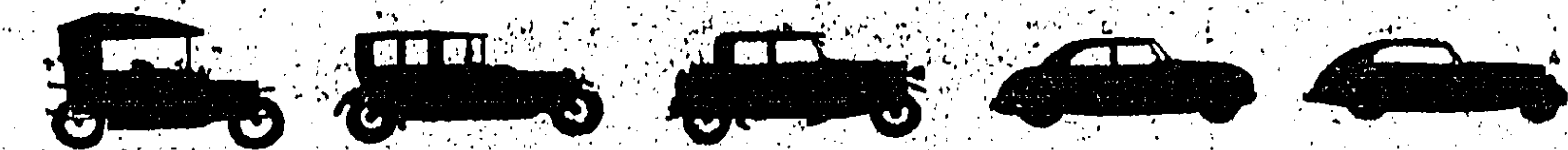
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MOTORING NEWS AND VIEWS

THE COMMERCIAL MOTOR SHOW

On Friday, September 22, the 1950 Commercial Motor Show at Earls Court London will be opened by the Right Honourable A.J. Barnes MP, Minister of Transport.

This great international Exhibition (the 15th of the series) is the largest and most comprehensive of its kind in the world, and is organised biennially by the Society of Motor Manufacturers and Traders.

The number of applications to exhibit received from manufacturers this year has reached such proportions that even the vast Earls Court Exhibition Hall with its quarter of a million square feet of actual floor space is not sufficient to house the products of all those manufacturers who wish to show.

The increased dimensions for buses and coaches recently approved for operation in Britain (up to 30 feet in length—single deck—and 8 feet in width) and the consequent construction of larger vehicle exhibits has presented the organisers with a particularly difficult problem in the general allocation of space. Even so, the traditional planned lay-out has been well maintained, and an overflow of body-work exhibits, mounted on various chassis, will be displayed in the demonstration park adjoining the building.

The number of firms represented, catering for all aspects of the manufacture of commercial motor vehicles and allied products, will be nearly 450 and can be summarised as follows:—

Commercial Vehicle Manufacturers 41
Body Builders and Trailer Manufacturers 60
Accessory and Component Manufacturers 245

Transport Service Equipment Manufacturers 55
Tyre Manufacturers 1

Exhibits in the commercial vehicle, body-building and trailer sections will be displayed on the ground floor with 23 perimeter stands occupied by Associations, Press, and Information Services connected with the Motor Industry. The accessory and component tyre and transport service equipment products will be on view on the first floor.

Latest designs

On entering the Show visitors will see before them the very latest designs in heavy, medium and light road vehicles including buses, coaches, trolleybuses, tractors, trailers and many novel types for goods haulage and special purposes, some of which are constructed solely for overseas operation. The British vehicles shown alongside their foreign competitors are those which figure so prominently in the industry's export drive, now running at the rate of nearly one commercial vehicle shipped every minute of every working day!

Moving to the first floor, visitors will there be able to inspect the supporting display of accessories and components, tyres, and items of transport service equipment; all of them representative of the highest engineering skill and craftsmanship, these products, both British and foreign, will include a number of novel items shown for the first time. This display will offer a wealth of opportunity and instruction to all engaged in or concerned with the servicing or operation of motor transport. Among the 400 vehicles of all types on show will be:—

One of the largest tractors in the world, 31 feet 8 inches long and 10 feet 3 inches wide, specially produced for export. Battery electric vehicles con-

structed as mobile grocery and butchery shops.

An 880 gallon stainless steel Milk Tanker (one of a number of such vehicles supplied as equipment for a complete dairy in Greece).

A 32 seater luxury coach equipped with wardrobe and sliding doors.

A bus, the body for which is constructed in light alloy in unit form for assembly overseas, and designed that the two doors can be placed in the best positions to suit the country of operation.

A mobile library. A 70 seater all-metal double-deck trolleybus, one of the largest vehicles used on English roads today.

A six-wheeled tractor with drive on all wheels, capable of climbing 1 in 2 gradients, ploughing through 2 feet of mud, traversing powdery sand, crossing swamps and marsh land and—with special waterproofing equipment—of wading through water to a depth of six feet.

An aircraft refueller with a tank capacity of 4,000 gallons.

An ambulance fitted with special noise insulation and adapted to accommodate sitting and stretcher patients, invalid chair, and iron lung cases.

A new 40 seater single-deck coach, powered by an under-floor engine, incorporating built-in twin heaters, forced ventilation and sliding entrance door.

In all, visitors to Earls Court will see the best in commercial vehicle manufacture in its every phase.

Big crowds expected

The attendance figure in 1948, when the Exhibition was last staged, was 145,000. Judging from the interest already displayed both at home and overseas that figure is due to be exceeded on this occasion. Early in the year over 16,000 individual invitations were despatched to overseas buyers, agents and user interests in all parts of the world, while requests for tickets have been received up to the present time from more than 55 different countries.

Facilities made for the comfort and convenience of visitors include:—

CLOAKROOMS. A cloakroom service will be provided on both ground and first floors.

LOST PROPERTY OFFICE. The Lost Property Office will be located on the first floor.

CATERING. Two restaurants, a Brasserie, and Grill Room, Alpine Tavern, and an Oyster Bar (both of which will provide light refreshment and Continental dishes). Licensed Buffets, Tea Lounges and Cocktail Bars.

POST OFFICE. The GPO will operate an Office for the usual postal services between 10 a.m. and 8 p.m.

CABLES AND RADIO. Telegraphic facilities to all parts of the world will be available. The station will be linked with the Central Telegraph Station of GPO Cable and Wireless Services, from which radiotelegrams, 50 Wireless cables, and 19 radio picture services.

BANKING. A Branch Office of the National Provincial Bank Ltd., will provide a full banking service, including acceptance of credit from home or abroad, and the arranging of commercial or private transactions between this country and every part of the world. Arrangements may also be made for the cashing of cheques.

Officers of the Bank's Overseas Branch will be in attendance for the convenience of those concerned in markets abroad, to provide information on such subjects as:—regulations governing overseas markets, trade openings, status of prospective customers, foreign trade customs, and the effect on the financing of shipments and the handling of documents.

FISHING ROD AERIAL

A new car radio-aerial of the three-section telescopic type (a being made by E. K. Cole Ltd., Southend-on-Sea, Essex).

Extending to 5ft. 3in. the aerial is made of stainless steel and brass, chromium-plated, and is therefore rustless, while the mounting base giving adjustment for angle, is of moulded plastic with a rubber gasket to prevent water entering the bodywork. The aerial lead is of ultra-low capacity, p.v.c. insulated, and safeguards the good signal reception which so tall an aerial offers.

Tyre life today

By P.D. Paterson

Although tyres of current manufacture are undoubtedly of higher quality than those manufactured before the war, it does not necessarily follow that today every motorist will obtain a longer tyre life.

Cars of current design have a greatly increased performance capability and correspondingly more efficient brakes. Their riding qualities are so improved that the average driver finds cambers, rough roads and the like without the slackening in speed which would have been automatic ten years ago.

All this imposes greatly increased wear on the tyres, and has to be paid for in terms of tyre life.

Careful measurements of tyre wear have been made on hundreds of cars in service stations (with the permission of those concerned). These show big differences in mileage. On any particular make of car, the average tyre mileage which can be obtained covers a range of about six or seven to one. This is owing to the influence of driving methods, condition of chassis, tyre maintenance, weather, conditions of roads, and so on.

To illustrate this, let us assume that on a certain design the average tyre mileage is 15,000 miles.

This shows that individual cars may give mileages as low as 5,000 or as high as 35,000. It should be emphasised that this state of affairs is normally encountered with any make or model of car in service. Generally speaking (with some few exceptions), all the variations responsible for the exceptionally low or high mileages are under the control of the driver.

The relative importance of the various factors which influence tyre life has changed in the last few years. Formerly, braking and acceleration probably headed the list, but today must be added the important influences of tyre life resulting from the use of independent front suspension, the way in which curves and corners are taken, and the more common achievement of high average speeds. There is also another difference between pre-war and post-war conditions. Formerly, the wear was usually greatest on the rear tyres, but today the front tyres almost invariably wear more quickly.

This is connected with the tendency to concentrate the weight of the car nearer the front, increased braking on front wheels, together with the general adoption of independent front-wheel suspension. A detailed survey of the effect of these and other factors will undoubtedly help the user to obtain more life from his tyres.

One difference

One of the big differences between the pre-war and post-war cars is the adoption of independent front suspension. This may have a small adverse effect on tyre life owing to the geometrical changes which inevitably occur as one or both front wheels rise and fall.

However, the chief effect is indirect, in that the use of independent front suspension (together with other design improvements) has enabled drivers to corner faster with better control, and to ride faster over poor roads without discomfort.

It should perhaps be mentioned that the term "cornering" includes motoring along curves and round traffic islands as well as taking the obvious corner.

The marked effect of cornering on tyre life is because all tyres on the car deviate from the direction in which the car is travelling. The degree of deviation is expressed as slip, or creep, angle. It is not a defect in either driving method or chassis design. Tyres deviation is necessary in cornering to obtain forces from the tyres to guide the car round the corner. These are known as cornering forces. They are also necessary to control the course of the car on a cambered road or in a cross wind.

This necessary tyre deviation in cornering should not be confused with incorrect toe-in or toe-out of front wheels, usually described as misalignment.

Naturally, any initial incorrect setting of front wheels introduces an additional wear effect, and should be eliminated.

If we swing a weight on a piece of string it will stretch the string tight. This is owing to centrifugal force. If the weight is big enough or we swing it round fast enough, centrifugal force will increase till it breaks the string and the weight flies off out of control. When a car turns or swings about a point A, similar forces are operating, but there is no string to keep the car under control. The equivalent, however, is provided by cornering force set up in the tyres, which opposes the centrifugal force.

Cornering force

This cornering force is obtained from the front and rear tyres, which are moving in a slightly different direction from that in which they are aiming. It can be regarded as a natural reaction of the tyre in trying to recover from a distorted position. In doing this, the tyre tread must necessarily rub the surface of the road to a certain extent.

It is this rubbing which is so potent a factor in wear. It is obvious that high cornering speeds intensify the rubbing effect and increase the wear. An interesting commentary on the effect of cornering on tyre wear is given by a report from America. This describes an experiment in which a vacuum cleaner was used to pick up equivalent samples of road dust on a corner and on a straight length of road. The dust obtained was analysed for rubber content, and showed that eight times as much rubber per yard of road was present in the dust from the corner as from the straight.

Cornering force is also necessary to control a car during a strong cross wind, but the additional tyre wear from this cause only is not very great.

The effect of high average speeds (which naturally involve high speed cornering and frequent use of brakes) can be very remarkable. In an event such as the Alpine Rally, for example, tyres have been known to become smooth in as little as 400 miles. This phenomenon is low figure is the result of high speeds on twisty mountain roads. In countries such as the U.S. with its long, straight roads, a much higher overall tyre life can be obtained in spite of high average speeds, this undoubtedly owing to the comparative absence of cornering. In one particular case a model in the popular class which has produced a tyre life of 12,000 miles in England achieved a tyre life of 20,000 miles in the U.S.

If we separate front and rear tyres in comparing pre-war and post-war designs, we find that the relative rate of tyre wear between front and rear has been almost completely reversed.

Rate of wear

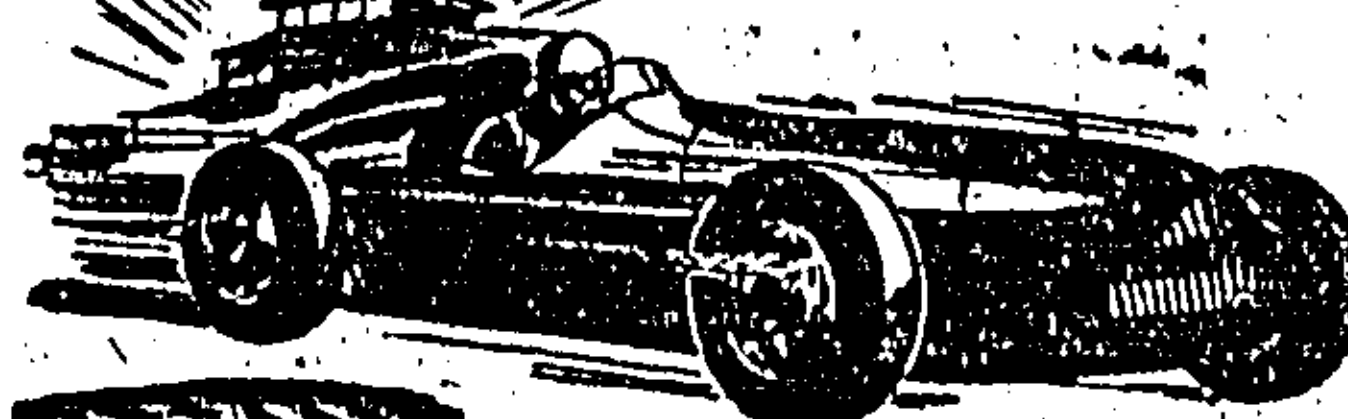
This alteration in relative rate of wear between front and rear tyres is largely accounted for by changes in weight distribution, braking distribution, and the adoption of independent front suspension. The concentration of weight towards the front of the car undoubtedly improves the handling characteristics of today's car compared with those of its pre-war equivalent in the same class. It is inevitable, however, that the tyres, particularly at the front, have more work to do.

To Be Continued

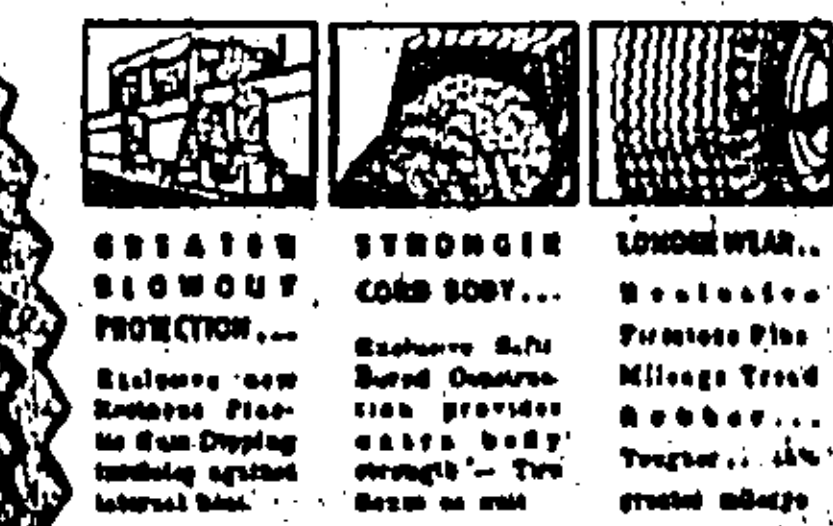
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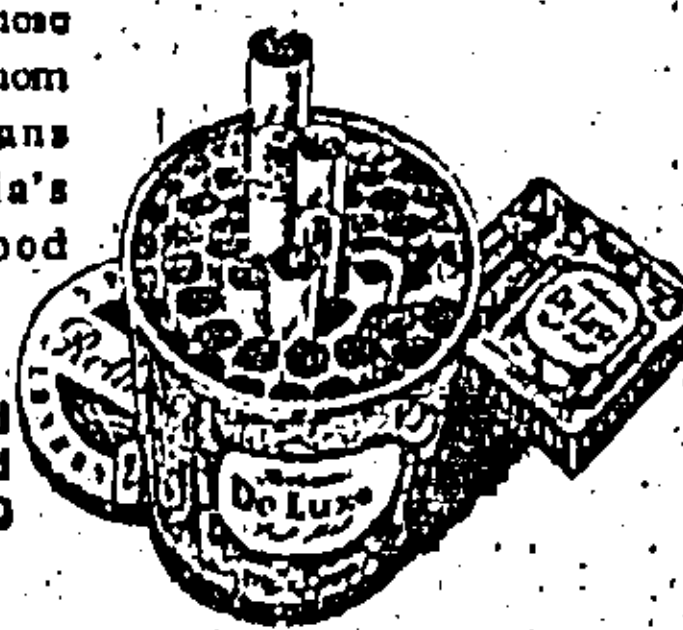
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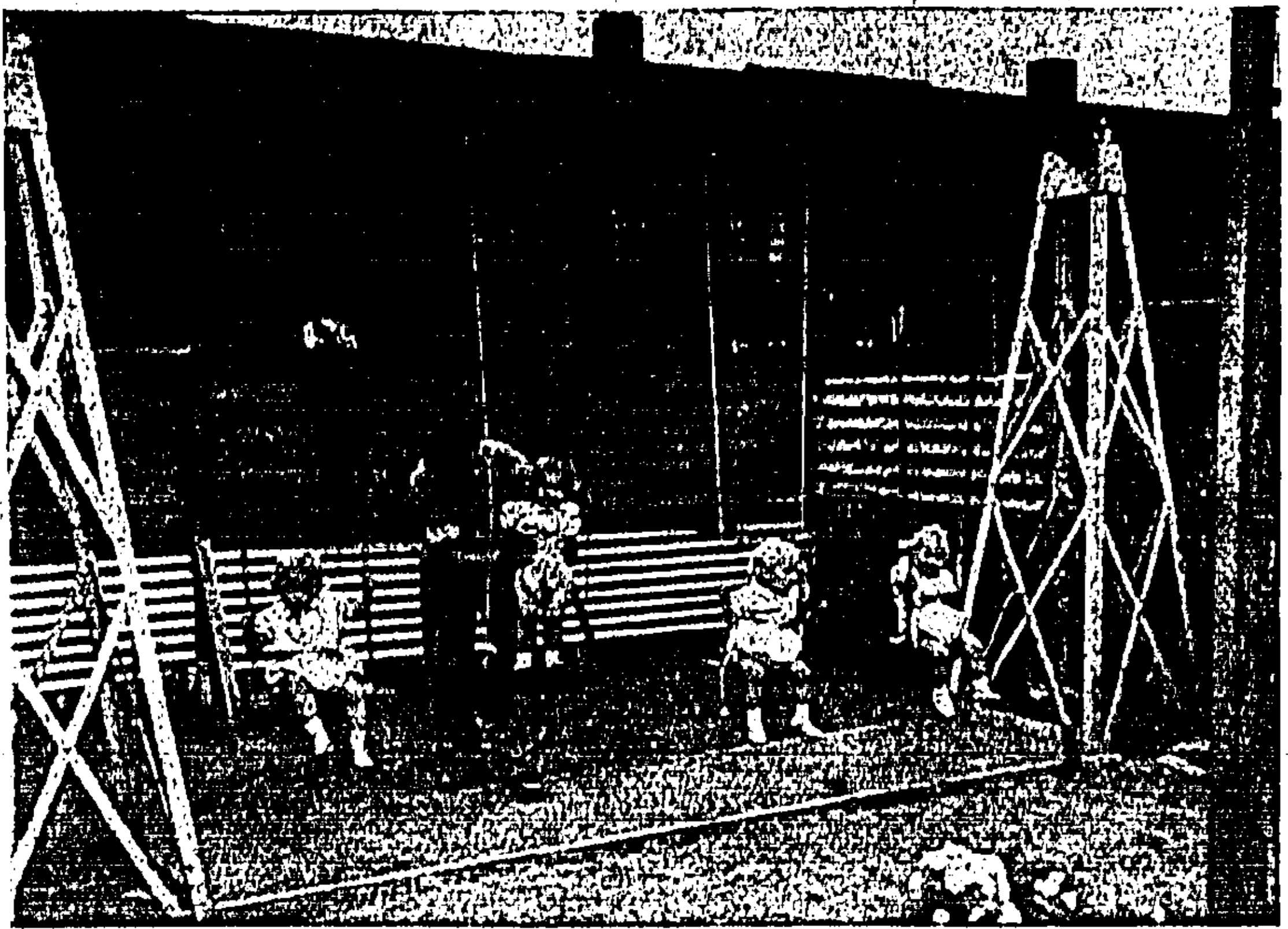
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Back-garden swing for quads



No child can resist a swing and when, like Mr. Robert Taylor, father of the Edmontons (London, England) quads, you have four children of the same age, there is nothing for it but to provide four swings. So he built them in the back garden and now the Taylors quads, who will be two years old on October 21, just can't help swinging. Here, left to right, are Kevin, Annette, held by her father, Paul and Robert.—AP Photo.

U.S. WILL WITHDRAW FLEET FROM FORMOSA WHEN KOREA WAR ENDS

Washington, August 31.

President Truman today gave assurances that the United States Seventh Fleet would be withdrawn from Formosan waters on the termination of the Korean war.

At the outbreak of the Korean war President Truman ordered the United States Seventh Fleet to prevent any attack on Formosa.

LIMIT TO KREMLIN SUCCESS

Lake Success, August 31.

Mr. Warren Austin, chief United States delegate to the United Nations Security Council, today said the Kremlin cannot fool all the people all the time.

Mr. Austin told the nation in a radio address that the Russian delegate, Jacob Malik, had tried all the obstructionist tactics he knew to paralyse the Security Council during his Presidency in August.

"I believe the people of Asia, the people of Europe and the people of America share one quality in common—good sense," said Mr. Austin. "What Mr. Malik said 'just did not make good sense. Nobody, not even the Kremlin, can fool all the people all the time.'"

Mr. Austin said Mr. Malik had failed to block United Nations military assistance to the Republic of Korea, to weaken the United Nations through spurious proposals for peace, to sow dissension among Council members and to label the United States the aggressor in Korea. The United Nations had gained strength and purpose through Mr. Malik's return to the Security Council.

Mr. Austin pointed out that the Soviet delegate had vowed, when he walked out in January, that he would boycott the Council until the delegate from Nationalist China was expelled. Mr. Austin then pointed out that Dr. T. T. Tsiang, the representative of Nationalist China, was still sitting on the Council.

"In ordering Mr. Malik to return to the Council, the Kremlin did the free world a good turn," he declared.

Mr. Malik's return had turned the world spotlight on the Security Council and had made the issues of the Korean case as clear as the water of Lake Champlain. —United Press.

UK CATHOLICS' APPEAL

London, August 31. The British Catholic Young Men's Society has asked the Secretary of the Labour Party, Mr. Morgan Phillips, and the Labour delegation due to visit Yugoslavia this week-end, to intercede with Marshal Tito for the release of Archbishop Josef Stepinac, the Catholic newspaper, "Universe," said today.

Monseigneur Stepinac, the Catholic Archbishop of Zagreb and Primate of Yugoslavia, was sentenced to 10 years' forced labour in October, 1946, for "crimes against the State." —Reuters.

Tehran, August 31. Premier Ali Razmara said today that the Iran-Soviet trade talks are progressing in a friendly atmosphere, and hoped they would be concluded successfully soon.

The newspaper "Ettelaat," quoting an informed source, said the Soviet Union has agreed to the formation of an Iran-Soviet commission to study border disputes. —United Press.

The President was asked at his Press conference whether his recent letter on Formosan policy to Mr. Warren Austin, United States representative to the United Nations, meant that when peace and security were restored in Korea the Seventh Fleet would be withdrawn.

He replied that the overall Formosa situation was one for settlement within the framework of the Japanese peace treaty.

This framework, he added, concerned the Allies who fought in the Japanese war and those Allies who now had occupation forces in Japan.

It would not be necessary to keep the Seventh Fleet in Formosan waters if the Korean war were settled.

Questioned about the possibility that Communist China would intervene in the Korean war, Mr. Truman said he hoped that there was no great danger that Communist China would become involved.

No answer

He could not answer a reporter who asked if United Nations forces would cross North of the 38th Parallel.

Neither would he comment on his difference of opinion over Formosa with General Douglas MacArthur. All he said was that he regarded the incident as closed.

Republican Senators promptly denounced the President's remarks as an invitation to the Communists to grab Formosa.

Senator Alexander Smith, a member of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, posed the question: "Is it a bid to Russia to end the Korean war with the offer of turning Formosa over to the Communists in return?"

Senator Kenneth Wherry, Senate Republican leader, said it was wishful thinking to believe Formosa could be kept out of Communist hands without the help of the Seventh Fleet.

Mr. Truman was asked if there was any good news he could pass on to the public from reports by the Army Chief of Staff, General Lawton Collins, and the Navy Chief, Admiral Forrest Sherman, who recently visited Japan and Korea. Mr. Truman smiled and said he could not comment.

The President rejected Republican demands for the resignation of the Defence Secretary, Louis Johnson, and said Mr. Johnson had in no way embarrassed him and he was giving no thought to any change in the Defence post.

Peace guarantee

In response to a question concerning his present views on chances for success of his Point Four programme for aid to underdeveloped areas, President Truman said that he felt strongly it would be the best guarantee of peace that the United States could put out.

Smiling, he told reporters that some time he would illustrate to them on a globe how simple it would be to put this programme into effect.

The President gave a blunt warning to longshoremen unions which have refused to unload shipments of Russian machinery.

DON IDDON'S DIARY

New York, Tuesday. Are there any bids from the floor? The U.S. Government calls for contractors to build hydrogen-bomb factories and sites on which to construct them.

Arkansas offers her lonely hills, and Tennessee, Mississippi and Alabama are all staking claims as ideal spots for H-bomb manufacture.

But there are no bids from Britain. We, who helped to develop the atom bomb and even haven't a single one of our own, are not being consulted about the hydrogen Hell-bomb which the scientists say will be just about 1,000 times more powerful than anything in the atomic stockpile.

The British Government is apparently not interested in hydrogen bombs.

It wasn't interested enough in atom bombs to collect a nestful of eggs of its own, and it is indifferent to assembling some hydrogen bombs.

The policy of "We can always borrow the stuff from America" is again being pursued. The humiliation grows worse.

Our American friends are puzzled by this British lack of self-assertion.

They felt slightly guilty about using British and Canadian brains to invent the atom bomb and then claiming it as an all-American possession; but as Britain didn't seem to mind, why should they worry?

And now they embark upon the building of the hydrogen bomb, no doubt, using British brains again, and no one in Britain has the initiative to say: "Look, some of these marbles should belong to us."

It's bad business

There has rarely been such self-effacement. We are becoming mere swingers on Uncle Sam's coat-tails.

We rush troops from Hong Kong to Korea at American insistence, but never even request an American popgun for Malaya.

Malaya is not merely the forgotten war here: it has not even been heard of.

The tempests all rage about Korea, and the American row has become raucous. The worst casualty is America's bi-partisan foreign policy, and there is serious crossfire, as the States become disunited.

The conduct of the war with obviously the burning issue of the election this autumn, and President Truman's Democrats look like getting badly charred.

I think this bitter brawl is bad business for everyone, particularly as the British, despite our unstinted aid, are on the receiving end of many of the insults.

Nailing a lie

We have had to digest the Russian crabs, and now the Hearst Press talks of Britain selling the Soviet "fine old English barbed wire on which, even now, our G.I.s may be impaled."

Mr. Victor Riesel, the industrial columnist, writes: "Isn't it true, Earl Stryker, that you, the old teamster, the old Labour chief, want to do business with the troops now killing our G.I.s?"

Of course, it is a damned lie; but Riesel prints the poison and hundreds of thousands of Americans swallow it.

At the moment the voice of America is a shrill scream, and it gives me a large-sized headache.

Every day there are new shouts from the politicians—"Let's jug the Reds. The Korean war may last seven to 10 years. Troops can't front the whole."

The patient people pound the baking pavements in the blister-

ing heat and see their sons being shoved into uniform, the goods in the shops dwindling, and the taxes mounting. They long for leadership and they are not getting it.

Understandably, the magic of the Roosevelt name lures them, and there is a full-blooded movement in town to get Franklin Delano Roosevelt junior elected as Governor.

Man to watch

Young Roosevelt looks just like his father, talks like him, smiles like him, and attracts folk like him.

Watch him—he might sit in the White House some day. Already the political campaign is warming up, and every sort of issue is being dragged on to the platform.

Some candidates even suggest that this would be a good time for Canada to merge with the United States.

But strangely enough the Canadian response has been most frosty, and two spokesmen from the border, Mr. James R. and Mr. Hugh Boyd, say this: "We feel Canada ought not to disregard any reasonable offer. We shall therefore be glad to absorb the United States."

'King's men'

No, there are no takers in the Dominion. It prefers to remain part of the British Commonwealth.

Sometimes I think the United States would like also to be a part. There is almost as much interest here in the Royal Family, particularly the Princesses, as in Britain.

There have been long reports all the week in the papers and on the radio about the new royal baby, and Princess Margaret is easily the most-written-about

ATLANTIC PACT SECRETARIAT

London, August 31.

The 12 North Atlantic Pact deputies today agreed on the arrangements for the organisation of their permanent Secretariat.

They also reviewed without reaching a decision the proposals for compensating governments who have switched factories from export production to rearmament.

The deputies were still awaiting the report of the Working Group of five on the revised defence proposals of the European Governments. The delay was understood to be due to the fact that the Group is not merely collating the revised defence contributions of the Atlantic Pact Governments which were submitted to President Truman early in August.

It is also tackling the two main issues before the present series of deputies' meetings. These are to make an estimate of the gap between the total of the overall defence programme and the proposed contributions of member Governments, and the more difficult problem of deciding how the gap is to be bridged.

When the Working Party have completed their report, forecasts for tomorrow afternoon, it is expected to contain estimates and recommendations on both these points.

The deputies are still hoping to conclude the present session by Saturday, though they still have all their major decisions ahead of them.—Reuters.

Russians force "British Ally" to stop publication

London, August 31.

"British Ally", the Russian-language official British weekly newspaper published by the British Embassy in Moscow, will cease publication next Sunday, the Foreign Office announced today.

An official statement issued here said "The Soviet authorities have compelled the decision by restricting the circulation of newspaper."

The fall in sales last year to 13,500 copies weekly means that the newspaper can only be produced at a heavy loss, it was explained.

"British Ally" was first produced during the war in August, 1942 as a counterpart to the publication by the Soviet Embassy in London of the Soviet war news weekly, now known as the "Soviet Weekly."

Today's Foreign Office statement says that its original purpose was to inform the Soviet public about Great Britain's achievement in the war against the common enemy.

After the war, its purpose was described as being to give full and accurate information about Britain's recovery and about British domestic and foreign policy.

The statement added that important British foreign policy statements were always printed in full and that "British Ally" was the only accurate printed source of such information in the Soviet Union.

The British statement reported that when the unsold copies of the January, 1950, issue were returned to the British Embassy in Moscow, they were in such a condition that there was reason to believe that they had not been distributed.

"Their unsold condition made it clear that they had not, in fact, been sent to the usual selling points throughout the Soviet Union for distribution," the Foreign Office said.

"The only possible conclusion is that the deliberate act of policy the Soviet authorities have decided to strangle 'British Ally' by denying Soviet readers the chance of buying it." —Reuters.

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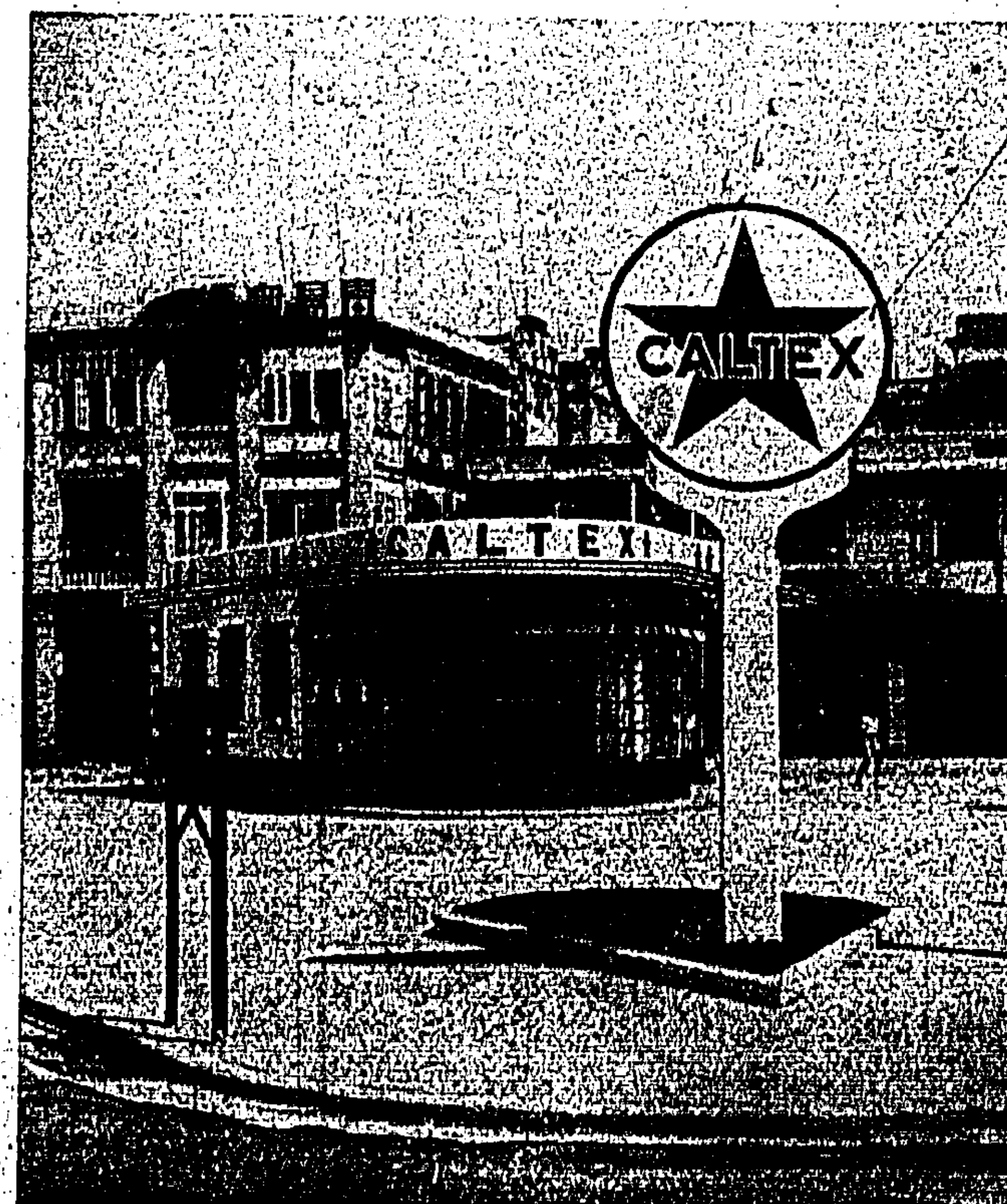
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LAMMERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors
& Appraisers,
Fadder Building,
Telephone No. 30224

RUGS

JUST UNPACKED
OF

TIENTSIN CHEMICAL
WASHED RUGS

PEKING ART RUGS &
HOOKED RUGS.

Wholesale & Retail at
Lowest Prices.

VISIT
GREAT EASTERN
RUG CO.

6 HANKOW RD. (GROUND FLOOR)
KOWLOON TEL. 58109

Agents Hongkong & Shanghai Lace Co.
(Luen Kee)

EASTER LILY BULBS

Plant now for flowering in
Easter, 1951.

A limited quantity of good
flowering size bulbs are avail-
able at fifty cents each.

CLOVER FLOWER SHOP

Gloucester Arcade.

BUTTER SHORTAGE

Butter Concentrate (Kam Tai
Brand) is now available at all
stores at controlled prices.

This Butter Concentrate is in
tins, and should be mixed with
water or milk to produce one
pound weight. Firmed in a
refrigerator or icebox, it is
exactly the same as fresh
butter because no preservatives
whatsoever are used. In this
it will keep for years without
refrigeration and should be
purchased now against future
shortage.

SALE

Large Assortment of
Chemical Washed &
Peking Art

RUGS

AT LOWEST PRICES
NORTH CHINA DEVELOPMENT CO.
28, Park St. C.P. (Between Bourne
St. & Austin Rd.)
Mending & Cleaning by Expert call 50838

TRULY —

You will look
more adorable
if you frequently
patronize

THE HOLLYWOOD
BEAUTY PARLOUR

16, CAMERON RD.,
KOWLOON,
TELEPHONE: 59240.

'BETTER HOMES & GARDENS'

No. 19, CHUNGKING ARCADE
KOWLOON

Furnishings, Decorations, Landscapes, Ar-
chitects, Garden Contractors, Turfing
Contractors, Bedmen Etc.

FOR THE HOME:
Pictures, Wall Stacks, Pottery, Tables,
Kitchen Utensils, Pottery, Crockery, etc.

FOR THE GARDEN:
Potted Plants, Sprays, Sprays, Fer-
tilizers, Garden Furniture, Miniature
Gardens, Planted Book Ends, etc.

WARNING

A shipment of "MUNSINGWEAR" Hosiery, stamped
"SYLPHINE", with Coloured Seams has been pilfered and
certain unscrupulous salesmen are offering these to the stores
at a greatly reduced price.

We hereby give warning that any store who buys these
stockings do so at their own risk as we will take whatever
action necessary should anyone but regular authorised "Mun-
singwear" dealers be found selling this hosiery.

The following is a list of the regular authorised "Mun-
singwear" dealers:—

HONG KONG:—

Au Petit Louvre

Cheung Hing Store

Elite Styles

Le Beau

Linen Chest

Mario Louise

Miss Naylor

KOWLOON:—

Cheung Hing Store

Har's Silk Store

Wah Cheong

Wendy's.

Exclusive Agents:—

UNION MERCANTILE CO., (H.K.) LTD.

Tel. 28825.

Export Agents:—

GRAYMOR INTERNATIONAL INC.

NEW YORK.

Chinese Optical Co.

67 Queen's Rd. C. Tel. 23366

CO-5

Available in all colors
to suit every taste.
Gold ornamentation at
eyerims and sides
distinctively set off
against the flatterling
colors.

DARK FRAMES
ARE DRAMATIC

Available in all colors
to suit every taste.

Gold ornamentation at
eyerims and sides
distinctively set off
against the flatterling
colors.

Chinese Optical Co.

67 Queen's Rd. C. Tel. 23366

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CO-5

HK Eugenics League may be revived

Hong Kong's former Eugenics League may be re-
vived under a new name. This was disclo-
sed at the annual general business meeting of
the Hong Kong Council of Women.

The Chairman, Mrs. Li Shiu-pui, said that an or-
ganising committee has been formed to dis-
cuss the subject. Professor Gordon King has
been invited to head the proposed revived or-
ganisation.

Mrs. Li said:

"In spite of the many difficul-
ties we have encountered, I am
glad to say that we have had a
fairly good year. I would not
dare call it successful because we
have not been able to do as much
as we had hoped to do; but we
have kept up the good work, and
obtained our objectives in many
instances.

"For the first two or three
months we were rather inactive
due to Mrs. Kwok's absence from
the Colony. We have had also
many resignations from active
members of the Executive Com-
mittee during the year.

"This constant change of Com-
mittee members together with the
unsettled political conditions has
not made our work any easier.
"In fact, the resignations of
Mrs. Kwok, Mrs. Wakefield, Mrs.
Clercraft, Mrs. Noble, and Mrs.
Bentley prove to be a great loss
to the Council, because these
ladies are all Founder Members
and the backbone of the Council.
"I cannot tell you in just so
many words how much we have
missed them. However, we are
very fortunate to have Miss C.P.
Lam, Miss Mather, Mrs. Mel-
moth, Mrs. Heywood, and Miss
Ballantyne to serve on the Com-
mittee to carry on the work.

Women on committees

"In one of our resolutions last
year we urged Government to
make fuller use of the services of
women on Government commit-
tees. I am glad to report that
since the last general meeting
held on May 22, two women
members have been appointed
by Government to serve on the
Housing Committee—Mrs. Yeh
and Mrs. Allinson.

"The Council was invited to
nominate one representative to
serve on the Price Control Ad-
visory Committee. Mrs. Matilda
Ng has been elected to represent
this Council on the Committee.
She has so far attended only one
meeting but later she might be
able to tell us what the Govern-
ment intends to do regarding the
question of price control.

"Regarding the question of
spacing families, an organising
committee has been formed to
revive the activities of the former
Eugenics League under a different
name which is still under con-
sideration.

"Professor King has been very
sincerely urged to head the or-
ganisation again but in case he
refuses because of pressure of
work, some other suitable per-
son will be nominated. Professor
King has promised to serve on
the medical advisory committee.
"As this is one of the resolu-
tions voted for unanimously
during our last Conference,
members of the Council and
whoever are interested in this
phase of family welfare work are
heartily welcomed to give their
support by becoming subscribing
members of this newly formed
association.

Hostel plan

The plan for a hostel for work-
ing women as presented to you
at the last general meeting has
been further discussed and re-
vised. The Executive Committee
which feels that since the general
conditions in Hong Kong are such
that expert opinion should be
considered as to whether this is
the right psychological moment
for the launching of the project
as it would involve a great deal
of work and expense.

"A delegation of three consist-
ing of Mrs. King, Mrs. Ng and
myself was appointed to see
Sir Arthur Moore and to ask his
advice on the subject.

"Another matter of interest
to the Council is the revision of
the Ordinance of Mainte-
nance Allowance for illegitimate
children which, according to
the Attorney General's reply to
our request, has been put in
hand and we hope it will be-
come law soon.

"Last but not least is the ques-
tion of revision of Chinese Mar-
riage Law in Hong Kong which
invited a great deal of interest
and comments from different
communities of the Colony and
which is now still in the hands of
a Special Committee.

"The Council as well as all the
people in Hong Kong will be
waiting and watching with great
interest and concern the outcome
of the suggestions to be submit-
ted by this Special Committee
for the revision of the outdated
existing law.

"Finally may I take this op-
portunity to again urge all
women of Hong Kong individuals
as well as organisations, to join
the Council so that combined
effort may add weight to the
work we are doing and that
women's opinion may be better
represented in the management
and improvement of the society
we live in.

"I also wish to request every
member to interest or influence
at least one or more friends in
the work of the Council. In many
other countries the Council of
Women sometimes has the
affiliation of as many as over 100
other women's organisations and
it is to the Council that every
woman and every women's or-
ganisation can bring their prob-
lems.

German exporters offend

Frankfurt, August 31.
The Allied High Commission
had recently taken three steps
to tighten up the export of
West German industrial prod-
ucts to Iron Curtain countries,
a senior Allied High Commis-
sion official told Reuters here
today.

The measures are as follows:

(1) Ensuring that there are
adequate Allied and German
frontier control officials along the
international border.

(2) Effectively ensuring that
Germany properly exercise the
export control in their power.

(3) Imposing closer surveillance
on the export documents issued
by the West German Economics
Ministry.

The Commission, which dele-
gated export control to the West
German Government last May,
could take it over instantly, the
official said.

There had recently been signs
of German laxity in issuing
documents for far larger quotas
of goods than those agreed upon.

Recent reports have suggested
that the Allies had ordered a
strict ban on "strategic exports"
to Eastern Europe. In fact, a
"practical embargo" has existed
for some time and the present
policy is to "plug the leaks" in
it—Reuters.

Greek reply to Malik

Athens, August 31.
M. Jean Politis, Permanent
Greek Under-Secretary for
Foreign Affairs, today accus-
ed Mr. Jacob Malik, Soviet
representative at the United Na-
tions, of false intentions in
his charge of terrorism
against the Greek Govern-
ment.

"When it is known how
democratic rights are exer-
cised elsewhere the false in-
tentions of such allegations
against Greece are under-
stood," M. Politis declared.

"It is not possible that this
interference in the internal
affairs of a member nation
will be ignored by the United
Nations," he added.

The allegation against
Greece was the last item of
a proposed five-point agenda
issued by Mr. Malik for to-
day's Security Council ses-
sion.—Reuters.

NARRIMAN SADEK IN GENEVA

Geneva, August 31.
Narriman Sadek, the 10-year-
old beauty in whom King Farouk
of Egypt is said to be romanti-
cally interested, arrived here today
from Bern.

She is staying incognito at one
of Geneva's best hotels with
her uncle, Mustapha Sadek, and
the Egyptian Ambassador to It-
aly, Badri Bey, and his wife.

It is not known how long they
will stay. Narriman Sadek has
been staying in strict seclusion in
various parts of Switzerland
during the past few weeks.—
Reuters.

BRITAIN REPORTS ON MARSHALL AID

London, August 31.

Britain got \$2,539,500,000 in Marshall Aid from
April, 1948, to June, 1950.

This was disclosed in the British Government's re-
port to the Economic Co-operation Adminis-
tration for the second quarter of 1950,
published today.

The report, many of the de-
tails of which have already
been announced, showed that
Marshall Aid grants were
made to 12 Colonial develop-
ment projects, and others were
under consideration.

American experts had been
made available to Colonial terri-
tories.

The report said that the dollar
value of Britain's exports to
North America in the second
quarter exceeded the peak figures
reached at the end of 1948 and the
beginning of 1949 for the first
time since devaluation.

Exports to Canada equivalent
to US\$80,000,000, were two per
cent above the last quarter of
1948, the previous highest dollar
figure.

Exports to the United States
were equivalent to \$81,000,000, an
increase of eight per cent com-
pared with the first quarter of
this year but still four per cent
below the level of the first quar-
ter of 1949.

Influence of devaluation

Britain's total exports in the
second quarter were valued at
£608,000,000, a decrease of one
and a half per cent compared
with the record first quarter,
but 14 per cent more than the
quarterly average for 1949.

The volume of exports was 153
per cent of the 1947 average, com-
pared with 187 per cent in the
first quarter, but 10 per cent
above the average for last year.

The report said that of the
factors contributing to the con-
tinued improvement in Britain's
dollar position, the maintenance
of a high level of demand in the
United States, particularly for
Sterling Area products, had been
of first importance.

The temporary influence of de-
valuation was still operating,
though on a diminished scale.

Other important factors were
the improvement in invisible ex-
ports and the continued economy
in dollar expenditure by the
United Kingdom and other Ster-
ling Area members.—Reuters.

CONSCRIPTION IN BELGIUM

Brussels, August 31.

The Belgian Parliament will
shortly be asked to lengthen
the compulsory military ser-
vice, the Prime Minister, M.
Joseph Pholien, announced in
a broadcast tonight.

He said that this was one of a
number of decisions on national
defence taken at a recent Cabinet
meeting.

(Conscript service at present
is 12 months. Well-informed
quarters here tonight believed
that the increase—not specified
by the Prime Minister—would be
to 18 months.)

M. Pholien said that other
measures the Government had
decided to propose to Parliament
included the formation of infan-
try and armoured divisions ready
to fight; the preparation of re-
serve divisions; the development
of the Air Force and Navy, and
the overhaul of the home defence
forces.

Referring to the Cabinet's de-
cision to ask Parliament to ap-
prove an increase in the term of
service, M. Pholien said: "Great
Britain and Holland have also
consented to such sacrifices."—
Reuters.

POP

THE PSYCHIATRIST
ASKED ME IF YOU
TALKED TO YOURSELF
WHEN ALONE!



Private patient

HOW WOULD YOU KNOW?
YOU'VE NEVER SEEN WITH
ME WHEN I'M ALONE!



MANDRAKE THE MAGICIAN

LOOKED AT YOUR
SHOOTING IRON
YET, SLIM?



By Lee Falk and Phil Davis

WELL, FOR ALL THE SHOOTIN' YOU
AN' ME DONE ON THE STATION
PLATFORM--



By ALEX RAYMOND

NO! AFTER ALL THE SHOOTIN'
THEM GUNS DONE
ON THEIR OWN--



JOHNNY HAZARD

HAVE



CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

SAILINGS TO		
"SZECHUEN"	Singapore & Penang	3 p.m. 3rd Sept.
"FAKHIOI"	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 5th Sept.
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	5 p.m. 5th Sept.
"FOYANG"	Tientsin	5 p.m. 7th Sept.
"SHANSI"	Bangkok	5 p.m. 10th Sept.
"ANKING"	Singapore, Penang & Belawan	3 p.m. 15th Sept.
"SINKIANG"	S'pore & Indonesia	3 p.m. 17th Sept.

Sails from Custodian Wharf.

ARRIVALS FROM		
"SHENGKING"	Keelung	3rd Sept.
"FOYANG"	Tientsin	3rd/4th Sept.
"SHANSI"	Kobe	8th/9th Sept.
"ANKING"	Singapore	13th Sept.

AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE LTD./CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD. JOINT SERVICE

SAILINGS TO		
"TAIYUAN"	Sydney, Melbourne & Adelaide	4 p.m. 11th Sept.
"TAIPING"	Sydney & Melbourne	19th Sept.
"CHANGSHA"	Japan	20th Sept.

ARRIVALS FROM		
"TAIYUAN"	Japan	7th/8th Sept.
"TAIPING"	Japan	16th Sept.
"CHANGSHA"	Australia, Kure & Manila	17th Sept.

BLUE FUNNEL LINE

Scheduled Sailings to Europe via Aden & Port Said.

"ANTIOCHUS"	N. Africa, London, Holland & Hamburg	In Port Sails 2nd Sept.
"MENTOR"	Manila, Liverpool & Glasgow	In Port Sails 4th Sept.
"PERSEUS"	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	8th Sept.
"AUTOLYCUS"	Dublin & Liverpool	24th Sept.

ARRIVALS FROM

"CLYTONEUS"	U.K. via Straits	8th Sept.
"PYRRHUS"	U.K. via Straits	15th Sept.
"ASTYANAX"	U.K. via Straits	25th Sept.
"MEMNON"	U.K. via Straits	2nd Oct.
"CALCHAS"	U.K. via Straits	8th Oct.
"PELEUS"	U.K. via Straits	15th Oct.

DE LA RAMA LINES

Sailing to NEW YORK, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, via JAPAN, SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES & KINGSTON.

"AGAMEMNON" 21st Sept.

Arriving via MANILA from U.S. ATLANTIC & PACIFIC COAST PORTS

"DONA NATI"	In Port
"BENGAL"	Mid. Sept.

Carriers option to proceed via other ports to load & discharge cargo.

All the above subject to alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight particulars please apply to

1. CONNAUGHT ROAD, CENTRAL
Tel. 30331/8 Private Exchange.

BRANCH OFFICE: 50 Connaught Rd. West. 25875. 32144. 24878.

AMERICAN PIONEER LINE

to and from
Atlantic Coast Ports of
the United States
and Far Eastern Ports

NEW FAST CARGO SHIPS

ARRIVALS FROM ATLANTIC.		
"PIONEER SEA"	Sept.	16
"PIONEER MAIL"	Sept.	21
"PIONEER COVE"	Sept.	22

SAILING TO MANILA		
"PIONEER SEA"	via Keelung, Yokohama & Kobe	Sept. 17
"PIONEER COVE"	via Yokohama, Kobe & Takubaru	Sept. 19
"PIONEER MAIL"	via Keelung & Yokohama	Sept. 22

SAILINGS TO NEW YORK, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA via JAPAN & PANAMA CANAL

"PIONEER WAVE"	Arr. Sept. 1 Sails Sept. 3
"PIONEER LAKE"	Sept. 10 " Sept. 12
"PIONEER LAND"	Sept. 26 " Sept. 28
"PIONEER SEA"	Oct. 9 " Oct. 11

For rates, special information call

UNITED STATES LINES

Queen's Bldg. COMPANY Tel. 23192.

The above list indicates the principal ports of loading and discharge as presently intended, but not their position. For further information see schedule at the Company's Office.

PARTITION MAY BE KASHMIR SOLUTION ORDERED BY UN

Lake Success, August 31.

The predominant note in Security Council circles on the eve of a new Kashmir debate is that no delegation is happy at the prospect of the controversy being raked up again.

There were indications that both India and Pakistan were preparing, each in its own way, to make full use of the United Nations intervention in Korea to argue that the "other side" was the aggressor and merited some treatment analogous to that taken in Korea.

ANGLO-AMERICAN OIL AGREEMENT

London, August 31.

The completion of a £10,000,000 oil deal between British and American companies was announced here tonight. From tomorrow a site in the Thames Estuary will be acquired by the Vacuum Oil Company, a British subsidiary of the American Socony-Vacuum Company, where in the next three years an 850,000-ton oil refinery for the production of lubricating oils will be built.

The deal was first arranged last March, when the British Powell-Duffryn Company sold its oil storage and blending plant at Coryton, on the Thames, owned by its subsidiary, Cory Brothers, to the Vacuum Oil Company in return for a half interest in Vacuum Oil.

Since then plans for the new refinery have been agreed with the British Government, who through its Finance Corporation for Industry is providing some of the money required for the construction programme.

The new refinery will mainly treat crude oil from the Middle East and the lubrication oils produced will help to replace imports from dollar sources.

Last year Britain spent £4,500,000 on lubricating oils from the United States.—Reuter.

POWER STATIONS FOR RUSSIA

Moscow, August 31.

The river Volga, "Mother Volga" to Russians throughout their long history, is soon to be the parent to two of the world's greatest power stations.

Power station No. 1, to be built at Kuibyshev, will have a capacity of about 2,000,000 kilowatts. It was announced that a second station to be built near Stalingrad, roughly 400 miles South of Kuibyshev, will have a capacity of about 1,700,000 kilowatts.

This will mean that the Volga, which sprawls across three-fourths of European Russia, will become the leading power-production waterway.

The river, which is more than 2,300 miles long, is quite broad at Stalingrad where its west bank was the scene of the Red Army's heroic defence against the Germans.—Associated Press.

WOOL SALES END

Sydney, August 31.

The first series of the 1950-51 wool auction ended today as strong as it had begun on Monday.

Since Monday, 47,000 bales have been sold for about £6,000,000 (Australian). A new Sydney record, set on Wednesday of 1934, was equalled today.

Most of the buying was for British and Continental mills and there was some Japanese competition.—Associated Press.

TEXTILE MARKET

New York, August 31.

The cotton textile market was firm. Prices tended to edge upward under persistent pressure from buyers. However, in nearby deliveries most of the higher prices applied to resale goods.

The wool goods market was firm but quiet. Mills continued to study the price trend in the Australian wool auctions, with a view to replacing their spring 1951 lines upward.

Rayon goods were quiet. Prices in the second hand market eased.—Associated Press.

Peninsular & Oriental



STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY

R.M.S. "CANTON"

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS

SAILS: Sunday the 3rd September at 6 A.M. for the United Kingdom via Straits, Colombo, Bombay, Aden and Port Said.

BAGGAGE: ALL passengers baggage must be sent to the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf Co's Godown at No. 2 GATE, CANTON ROAD ENTRANCE BY 5 P.M. on Friday, the 1st September.

SPECIAL NOTE: With the exception of hand packages carried by passengers themselves ALL BAGGAGE must pass through the Wharf Co's Godown for loading on board by ship's slings only.

EMBARKATION: Will take place between 4 p.m. and 6 p.m. on SATURDAY the 2nd September.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.

AGENTS, (Tel. 27721-4)

ST. JOHN ORDERS

Orders by Mr. A. el Arculli,

Commissioner, St. John Ambulance Brigade, Hong Kong District, dated Friday, September 1, Order No. 35/50:

Ambulance Duties Hong Kong: September 2 to 9, South China Division; September 10 to 16, Central Division; Ambulance Duties Kowloon: September 4 to 10, Kowloon Division; September 11 to 17, Tsimshatsui Division. Beach Duties Hong Kong: September 11 to 17, Tsimshatsui Division. Beach Duties Kowloon: September 11 to 17, Tsimshatsui Division. Beach Duties Kowloon: September 11 to 17, Tsimshatsui Division.

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RADIO

Radio Hong Kong broadcasts on a frequency of 815 kilocycles per second and on 9.22 megacycles per second in the 51 metre band.

14 K.T.

12.30—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.

12.45—"Light Variety"—(Studio)

1.00—"Fred Carlo Quartet" (Studio)

1.15—"News, Weather Report and Announcements."

1.30—"Horton Promenade Orch."

2.00—"Jama" (Studio)

2.30—"American Patrol"—A Programme of Record Characters. Presented by John Van David.

(Studio)

3.00—"United Requests"—Presented by Linda Cater, (Studio)

4.00—"John Bull's Band"—Music that is truly British—"Hill" from Yesterday and Today. (Studio)

4.30—"United Requests"—Presented by Peter Hubbard, (Studio)

5.00—"United Requests"—Linda Cater Calling—Transportation Super-Vision Unit, Kai Tak, (Studio)

5.55—"Hong Kong Calling"—Programme Summary.

6.00—"Anthony Hawley in 'War of the Worlds' by H. G. Wells, Episode 1: 'The Red Planet' (London Relay)

6.30—"Jazz for the Moderns"—Presented by John Waring, (Studio)

7.00—"Variety Handout"—From the Camberwell Palace, London. (Studio)

7.30—"Twenty Questions" (London Relay)

8.00—"World News and News Analysis" (London Relay)

8.15—"Melchior Orch."

8.30—"Recording of a Speech made by President Truman last night to the People of the United States (Recorded Relay)"

9.00—"From the Editorials" (London Relay)

9.10—"Weather Report."

9.11—"Lieder Recital by Kathleen Ferrier (Contra) No. 1: Schubert. (Studio)"

9.35—"Focus on Thrillers"—A Feature Programme by Denis Mitchell. (Studio)

10.05—"Café" and Dance Music.

11.00—"Radio News Reel" (London Relay)

11.15—"Weather Report."

11.16—"Goodnight Music."

11.20—"Close Down."

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MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

ARRIVALS
"YANGTSE" From Haiphong 3rd Sept.
SAILINGS
PASSENGER/FREIGHT SERVICE
"FELIX ROUSSEL" To Marseilles 21st Oct.
"LA MARSEILLAISE" To Japan 8th Nov.

FREIGHT SERVICE
"SAINT VALERY" N. Africa & Europe 23rd Sept.
"YANG TSE" " " " " 12th Oct.
FOR PORT SAID, TUNIS, MARSEILLES, ALGIERS, ORAN, TANGIER, CASABLANCA, HAYRE, DUNKIRK, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM.

For Passage and Freight Apply to—
CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
Queen's Building Tel. 28651 (three lines)

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MOBILE, ALA., U.S.A.
WATERMAN LINE EXPRESS FREIGHT SERVICE
FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST
via JAPAN

s.s. "WAR HAWK" Due about 4th Sept. 1950.
s.s. "JEFF DAVIS" Due about 14th Sept. 1950.

DIRECT FOR
NEW YORK, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA
via JAPAN AND HONOLULU
s.s. "WAR HAWK" sails about 5th Sept. 1950.
s.s. "JEFF DAVIS" sails about 15th Sept. 1950.

Also accepting transshipment Cargo for Gulf Ports
For freight and further particulars apply—
WALLEM & CO., LTD.

AGENTS
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tels: 38041-5.

IVARAN LINES

FAR EAST SERVICE
FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST PORTS
m.v. "IGADI" Due about 9th Sept. 1950.
m.v. "BORGHOLT" Due about 22nd Sept. 1950.
**SAILING FOR JAPAN, LOS ANGELES
AND U.S. ATLANTIC COAST
via PANAMA CANAL**
m.v. "IGADI" Sails about 10th Sept. 1950.
m.v. "BORGHOLT" Sails about 23rd Sept. 1950.

Also Accepting Transshipment Cargo for West
Indies and South America
For freight and further particulars apply—
WALLEM & CO., LTD.

Agents
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tels: 38041-5.

THE PACIFIC ORIENT EXPRESS LINE

FROM U.S. PACIFIC COAST
m.v. "BARRANDUNA" Due about 26th Sept. 1950
m.v. "MANGRELLA" Due about 28th Oct. 1950
SAILING FOR
FORMOSA
m.v. "BARRANDUNA" Sails about 30th Sept. 1950
For particulars please apply to—
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MAERSK LINE

FAST FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO
NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON & BALTIMORE, VIA
SAN FRANCISCO, LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA
NEXT SAILINGS
M.S. "KIRSTEN MAERSK" In Port
M.S. "GRETE MAERSK" Sept. 5
M.S. "OLGA MAERSK" Sept. 17
TANKS OF ALL SIZES AVAILABLE FOR BULK OIL
ARRIVALS FROM U.S.A.
M.S. "HULDA MAERSK" Sept. 17
M.S. "OLUF MAERSK" Sept. 21
M.S. "TREN MAERSK" Sept. 30
For Freight and Further Particulars please apply to—
JEBSEN & CO.

Agents
Pedder Building Tel. 28651

AIR AND SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Shipping Arrivals

YESTERDAY

Khyber (Mac Mac) British 4502 tons
Kirsten Maersk (Jensen) Danish 3270 tons
Khyber (Mac Mac) British 4502 tons
Kirsten Maersk (Jensen) Danish 3270 tons
Khyber (Mac Mac) British 4502 tons
Kirsten Maersk (Jensen) Danish 3270 tons

TODAY

Glenville (Thoresen) ex-Atlantic Coast
Lancaster (Everett) ex-Japan
Wing Wing (Jardine) ex-Kobe
City of Chicago (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Ocean Mail (Everett) ex-U.S.A.
Shanghai (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Yangtze (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.

TOMORROW

City of Chicago (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Ocean Mail (Everett) ex-U.S.A.
Shanghai (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Yangtze (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Khyber (Mac Mac) British 4502 tons
Kirsten Maersk (Jensen) Danish 3270 tons

Shipping Departures

YESTERDAY

Akron Lily (Union) Express for
Kobe
Khyber (Mac Mac) British 4502 tons
Kirsten Maersk (Jensen) Danish 3270 tons
Khyber (Mac Mac) British 4502 tons
Kirsten Maersk (Jensen) Danish 3270 tons

TODAY

Brandsberg (Lloyd) for Aden
Dona Nati (Jardine) for Kobe
Nahmank (Jardine) for Singapore
Pioneer Land (Jardine) for Manila

TOMORROW

City of Chicago (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Ocean Mail (Everett) ex-U.S.A.
Shanghai (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Yangtze (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Khyber (Mac Mac) British 4502 tons
Kirsten Maersk (Jensen) Danish 3270 tons

Vessels In Port

Antiochus (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Aramis (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Aramis (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Aramis (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Aramis (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Aramis (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.

Vessels Due From

SOUTH AFRICA AND SOUTH AMERICA

Glenbank (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Strait Soenda (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Tijdsdijk (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.

AMERICA

ATLANTIC COAST

American Mail (Everett) ex-U.S.A.
Berg (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
City of Chicago (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Colorado (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Fernside (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Glenville (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Hulda (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Jardine (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Jardine (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Jardine (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.

PACIFIC COAST

Andrea Luckenbach (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Doranduna (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Flying Boat (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Francisville (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Gen. Gordon (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
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Gen. Gordon (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.

CHINA

September

Chunwang (Jardine) ex-Tientsin
Manning (Jardine) ex-Tientsin
Peking (Jardine) ex-Tientsin
Shanghai (Jardine) ex-Tientsin
Wingwing (Jardine) ex-Tientsin

EUROPE

Antiochus (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Aramis (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Aramis (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
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Aramis (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.

INDIA

Atlantis Sea (Mac Mac) ex-U.S.A.
Bombay (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Hailong Queen (Mac Mac) ex-U.S.A.
Jardine (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Jardine (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Jardine (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.

JAPAN

Brandsberg (Lloyd) for Aden
Dona Nati (Jardine) for Kobe
Nahmank (Jardine) for Singapore
Pioneer Land (Jardine) for Manila

October

City of Chicago (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Ocean Mail (Everett) ex-U.S.A.
Shanghai (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Yangtze (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Khyber (Mac Mac) British 4502 tons
Kirsten Maersk (Jensen) Danish 3270 tons

South East Ports

Anking (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Cape Race (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Flying Boat (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Francisville (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Gen. Gordon (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Gen. Gordon (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.

Sailings To

AFRICA

Atlantis Sea (Mac Mac) ex-U.S.A.
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EUROPE

September

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Gen. Gordon (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.
Gen. Gordon (Jardine) ex-U.S.A.

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AIRCRAFT

MOVEMENTS

Arrivals

AIR FRANCE ex-Hongkong 1 p.m.
CMA ex-Singapore via Bangkok 8.15 a.m.
PAL ex-Manila 10 a.m.
PAL ex-Manila 10 a.m.
PAL ex-Manila 10 a.m.

TOMORROW

CMA ex-Manila 1.30 p.m.
DOAC ex-Singapore 6.10 p.m.
DOAC ex-Singapore 6.10 p.m.
DOAC ex-Singapore 6.10 p.m.
DOAC ex-Singapore 6.10 p.m.

MONDAY

PAA ex-San Francisco via Honolulu
Wells, Tokyo, Olongapo 12.45 p.m.
ex-London via Brussels, Dusseldorf,
Frankfurt, New Delhi, Calcutta, Ban-
kok 11.05 a.m.
PAL ex-Hongkong via USA, Manila
12 noon.
DOAC ex-Tokyo 2.25 p.m. ex-London/
Bangkok 5.55 p.m.
HK AIRWAYS ex-Taipei 3.30 p.m.

Departures

AIR FRANCE for Saigon 1.40 p.m.
CMA for Manila 3 p.m.
PAL for San Francisco via Manila,
Honolulu 10.30 a.m.
HUAWEI for Bangkok/Olongapo 7 a.m.
HK AIRWAYS for Taipei 8 a.m.
DOAC for Tokyo 8 a.m. for Singa-
pore 9 p.m.

TOMORROW

DOAC for Singapore via Bangkok 7.15
a.m.
MONDAY
CMA for Lankan via Manila, Sandakan,
Jassol 7 a.m.
PAA for New York via Bangkok, Cal-
cutta, New Delhi, Karachi, Basra,
Damascus, Istanbul, Brussels, Lon-
don, Shannon, Gander, Boston 3 p.m.
San Francisco via Olongapo, Tokyo,
Midway, Honolulu, Los Angeles 4.30
p.m.
PAL for Manila 1.30 p.m.
HK AIRWAYS for Taipei 3 a.m.

POST OFFICE

MAIL NOTICE

Outward Mails
SEA MAIL TO U.K.—A surface mail to
United Kingdom per "Canton" will
be closed on Saturday, September 2, 1950.
This mail is expected to arrive in Lon-
don on or about October 3, 1950.

CHINA—Unregistered letters and
printed matters for China mainland and
Hainan Island can be accepted at senders'
risk and will be forwarded as opportunity
offers.

Unless otherwise stated, Registered
Articles (by Air or Sea) and Parcel Post
close one hour earlier than the ordinary
mail. If mails close before 10 a.m.,
Registered and Parcel Post close at
5 p.m. on the previous day. Mails are
closed at Kowloon Central Post Office one
hour earlier than the GPO closing times.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2

Closing Times by Air
Seigon and Paris, 10 a.m.
Manila, 11 a.m.
Taipei, 10 a.m.
Bangkok, 5 p.m.

Closing Times by Sea
Strait, Ceylon, Madagacar, Bombay,
Aden, Egypt and Europe via London.
Par, 10.40 a.m., Reg. 1 p.m. Ord.
2 p.m.
Bangkok, 10 a.m.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 3

Closing Times by Air
Manila and Sandakan, 10 a.m.
Taipei, 10 a.m.
Closing Times by Sea
Manila, 9 a.m.
Japan, 9 a.m.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 4

Closing Times by Air
Taipei, 9.30 a.m.
USA and Canada, 2 p.m.
Bangkok, Ceylon, Madagacar, Basra,
Calcutta, Karachi, Bombay, Dussel-
dorf, Frankfurt, London, New Delhi, Ban-
kok, Manila, Olongapo, Singapore, and Auck-
land, 5 p.m.
Bangkok and Colombo, 5 p.m.
Japan, 5 p.m.

Closing Times by Sea

Strait, 11 a.m.
Canada via Vancouver, BC, 3 p.m.
Formosa via Keelung, 3 p.m.
USA, Central and South America via
San Francisco, 6 p.m.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 5

Closing Times by Air
Manila, Hongkong and USA (letters,
second class mail and parcels): Guam
(letters and second class mail):
Canada (letters only): 5 p.m.
Seigon and Paris, 6 p.m.
Bangkok, 5 p.m.
Taipei and Japan, 5 p.m.

Closing Times by Sea

Formosa via Keelung, 2 p.m.
Japan, 3 p.m.

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6

Closing Times by Air
Singapore, Manila and Colombo, 9.30
a.m.
Manila, 11 a.m.
Taipei, 5 p.m.

Closing Times by Sea

Honolulu, USA, Canada, Central and
South America via San Francisco
(No parcels for Canada), 6 p.m.

GERMAN TRADE

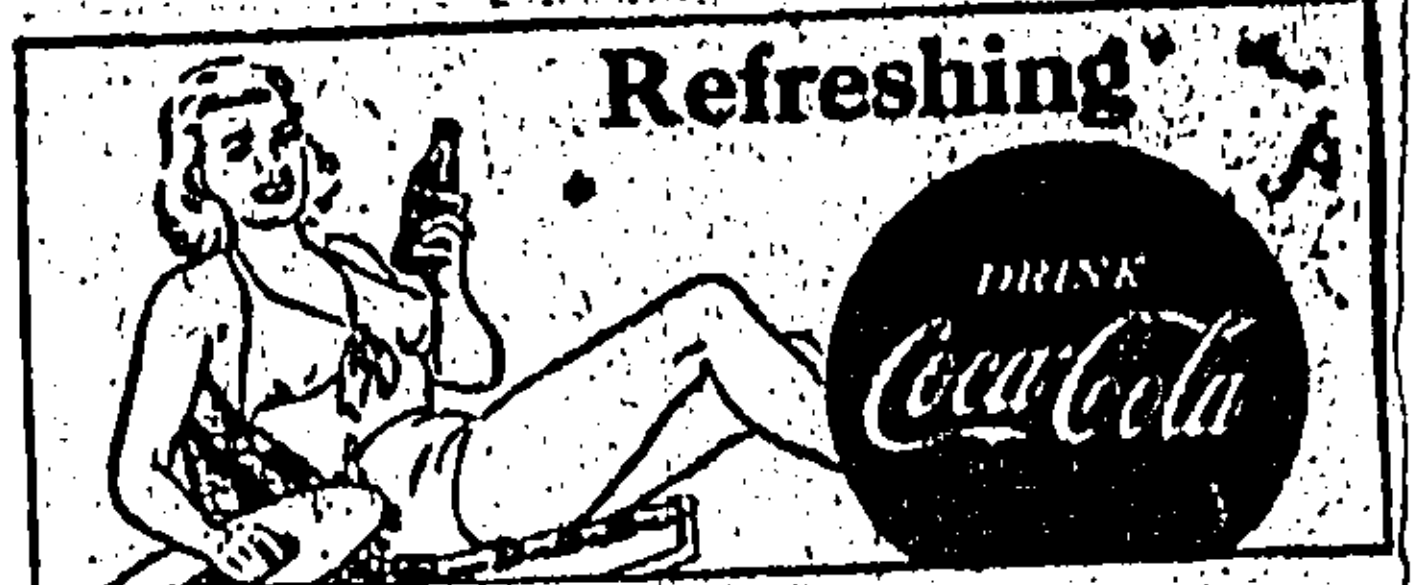
Bonn, August 31.
Talks on the conclusion of a
trade and payments accord be-
tween the West German Republic
and Poland will start in Paris on
September 4, the "Economic
Ministry announced today."

During preliminary negotiations
the German delegation will be
headed by Herrmann Reinhardt,
Under Sec. Hans Struck will as-

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CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 2, 1950.



Lawn Bowls:

IRC TO MEET RECREIO 'BLUE' IN NEEDLE MATCH

By "JACK HIGH"

The Colony Lawn Bowls Leagues are fast approaching the closing stages and on the results of matches played today will be decided the possible Champions of each league for this season.

The key match in the First Division, upon which the outcome of the Championship of this division will most probably hinge, is to be played at Sookunpoo between the Indian Recreation Club and the Club de Recreio "Blue" teams.

Less than a fortnight ago the Indians were the only team in the three divisions to have a 100 per cent record, but since then have lost twice, 1-4 to Recreio "White" and 0-5 to Kowloon Dock.

They redeemed themselves slightly during the past week by defeating the Police Recreation Club 5-6, after experimenting with their links.

The Indians will today rely on the same link line-up, which overcame the Police and as they will be playing on a familiar green, they will have a slight edge over their opponents.

Should "Recreio" triumph, they will be almost assured of the league championship, while the Indian Recreation Club must win convincingly to still have a say in the race for league honours.

Odds favour visitors
Kowloon Cricket Club will be at home to their neighbours, the Kowloon Bowling Green Club, and with the indifferent showing of the home team of late, the odds are in favour of the visitors.

The Police Recreation Club will be entertaining the Kowloon Dock Club at Happy Valley and although the Police Club lost to the Indian Club 5-6 while the Dock team beat the same team 5-0, I still believe that the home team will emerge the winners of the encounter.

The Second Division League Championship will also be most probably decided this afternoon, when the Kowloon Cricket Club meet the Hong Kong Cricket Club at Cox's Road.

This game will be the second encounter between the two teams within a week.

At Chai Wan last Saturday, the Hong Kong Cricket Club won 4-1, but despite this setback, a win today for the Cox's Road team will give them the league title.

Anything can happen
If they should lose again today and the Indian Recreation Juniors manage to beat the Filipino Club,

the race for the Second Division league honours will be very open. On paper, the Indian Recreation Club should have no difficulty in overcoming the Filipino Club, but anything can happen during a game of bowls.

Talkoo Dock Club will cross the harbour to play the Kowloon Bowling Green Club and should bring back full points. Present leaders of the Third Division League, the Kowloon Dock Club, will be playing their last match but one today. They will be hosts to the Hong Kong Electric Recreation Club and it is hard to see the North Point team defeating the league leaders.

Craigengower will be visiting the Kowloon Cricket Club and should win.

Today's games

The following are the fixtures for today:

First Division	
ECC	v KBCG
HKFC	v Rec "A"
IRC	v Rec "B"
PRC	v KDC
Second Division	
KCC	v HKCC
IRC	v FC
KBCG	v TDC
Third Division	
KDC	v HKERC
KCC	v CCC

HOME FOOTBALL RESULTS

London, August 31.
The following were the results of football matches played today:

Second Division	
Notts C.	3 Queen's P.R. 3
Third Division (South)	
Colchester U.	4 Swindon
Leiston Orient	2 Ipswich
Newport	2 Port Vale
Northampton	1 Norwich
Irish Gold Cup, Second Round	
Glenhogan	3 Distillery
Lifford	1 Bangor

—Reuter.

Britain to offer strong challenge to U.S. in 1952 Olympics

New York, August 31.

Britain, and not Russia, made the greatest strides toward challenging the United States in the 1952 Olympic Games, an American Olympic official said today.

Mr. Pineus Sober, of New York, chairman of the Olympic Track and Field Committee, sat in on all the five days of the European track championships at Brussels last week and predicted "American forces will win in 1952, but the margin is narrowing."

He said: "We still have the edge in the sprints, hurdles, broad jump, pole vault and shot put. Our strength should be enough to win the Olympic track title. But the British, who won six events at Brussels, showed tremendous improvement in flat races from 400 metres up and in another two years may be a strong challenger."

Mr. Sober agreed with the general American impression of the Russian threat, but said they were not ready. He said "Some thought the Russian kept many of their best men at home under cover, but I am convinced that if they were coming at all they would have their best at Brussels."

"It could be that even with their best men there they did not live up to expectations. That can happen honestly too. But the facts remain they won only the hop, step and jump in which we don't figure and the 400 metre relay in a time well below our best."

Crowd reaction
Mr. Sober was mightily impressed with crowd reaction, which indicated that track and field amounted almost to religion with many Europeans.

"We would not stand for a lot of things that go on," he said. "For one thing the field is kept absolutely clear of everyone but the contestants in whatever event is going on. At the start of a flat race, for instance, all contestants trot out in single file, turn like a squad of soldiers and toe the mark. Then they are off."

"Each field event is treated as if it were an Olympic championship. Where we have a tendency to slough them off they announced every individual throw in dramatic fashion."

That makes shot put, hammer and discus pitchers real headliners. Mr. Sober said, and increases their desire to compete and win."

He concluded: "We don't draw the crowds they do over here, but we always seem to have the kids who can win. They will have their work cut out for them in 1952 but they will win just the same."—United Press.

KCC Tennis programme

The following programme has been arranged for next week in connection with the Kowloon Cricket Club Lawn Tennis Championships:

Monday, September 4
Court No. 1—C. Oung v. A.B. Guest
Court No. 2—T. Baker v. F. Kwok

Court No. 3—Mrs. M. Chow and Mrs. L. Benjamin v. Miss Lambert Baker and Miss Ribeiro
Court No. 4—F.R. Kermann and G. Rossetti v. C. Kotewall and F.R. Zimmermann

Tuesday, September 5
Court No. 1—Mrs. B. Slack v. Miss M. Ribeiro
Court No. 2—A.V. Gosano and A.E.P. Guest v. T.E. Baker and R.O. Baker

Wednesday, September 6
Court No. 1—Mrs. K. Getz and T.E. Baker v. Winners Mr. and Mrs. L.F. Stokes/Miss M. Xavier and L. Kotewall
Court No. 2—Miss Lambert Baker v. Mrs. M. Chow
Court No. 3—R.O. Baker v. Winners A.V. White/A.P. Weir

Thursday, September 7
Court No. 1—Dr. C. Choa v. Winner A.E.P. Guest/C. Oung
Court No. 2—Miss P. Ward v. Winner Mrs. Chow/Miss Lambert Baker

Friday, September 8
Mrs. M. Chow v. Winner Mrs. M. Ribeiro
The Finals of the Ladies' Doubles Championship will be held on Saturday, September 9, and the Finals of the Ladies' Singles Championship will be held on Monday, September 11.

Results

The following are the results of the games played this week:

Men's Singles
F.R. Zimmermann beat R.H. Lattin 2-6, 6-1, 6-2.
Dr. C. Choa beat Lieut.-Col. R. Stack 6-0, 6-2.
A.E.P. Guest beat A. Fung 6-1, 6-1.
T.E. Baker beat K.T. Greene 6-2, 6-2.
F. Kwok beat L.F. Stokes 4-0, 6-0.
Dr. C. Choa beat F.R. Zimmermann 6-4, 6-1.

Ladies' Singles Championship
Miss K. Getz beat Mrs. L.F. Stokes 6-2, 6-2.
Miss M. Ribeiro beat Mrs. J. Horsman 6-2, 4-6, 6-2.
Mrs. K.M. Getz beat Miss H. Bombardier 6-3, 6-3.

Mixed Doubles Championship
Lieut.-Col. and Mrs. R. Stack beat Mrs. J. Horsman and G. Ollard 6-3, 6-4.
Mrs. K.M. Getz and T.E. Baker beat Miss P. Ward and A.V. White 6-4, 4-6, 6-1.

LEAGUE TENNIS RESULTS

In a Men's "D" Division League tennis match played at Craigengower yesterday, the home team lost to Chinese Recreation Club "2" by two sets to seven.

Playing at home the Chinese Recreation Club "1" defeated the Kowloon Cricket Club 7½ sets to 1½.

The following are the results of the games played yesterday:

Men's Doubles "D" Division

CCC 2—CRC "2" 7
G. Souza and E. Verelira (CCC) lost to F. K. Lau and C. Cheung 3-6; beat P. N. Pun and P. Y. Kwok 6-2; lost to P. F. Wong and K. S. Wong 4-6.
S. Faller and C. Teok (CCC) lost to Lau and Cheung 0-6; lost to Pun and Kwok 3-6; lost to Wong and Wong 4-6.

W. Chow and E. Howard (CCC) lost to Lau and Cheung 1-6; lost to Pun and Kwok 3-6; beat Wong and Wong 6-4.

CRC "1" 7½—KCC 1½
W. K. Chung and W. C. Chun (CRC) beat Abbas and A. Forward 6-2; beat Manley and Baker 6-3; beat Symonds and G. Gillard 6-4.
F. S. Kwok and T. H. Chiu (CRC) beat Abbas and Forward 6-0; beat Manley and Baker 6-2; draw with Symonds and Gillard 6-6.

K. S. Cheung and W. H. Mo (CRC) beat Abbas and Forward 6-0; lost to Manley and Baker 3-6; beat Symonds and Gillard 6-3.

English girl first woman ashore in Channel Race



Eleen Fenton, 21-year-old 8-stone English school teacher, won the £1,000 first prize for women in the Mase Cross-Channel Swim Race. Miss Fenton, who landed on a Dover beach, crossed in 16 hours 31 minutes. It was her first attempt at swimming the Channel. Photo shows Miss Fenton crawling ashore on hands and knees after completing her gallant Channel crossing. (AP Photo).

Baseball:

Gil Hodges blasts four homers to tie Major League record

New York, September 1.

First baseman Gil Hodges blasted out four homers to tie a Major League record as the Brooklyn Dodgers trounced the Boston Braves 19-3.

Hodges connected in the second, third, sixth and eighth innings off four different pitchers and drove in nine runs on his circuit drives. He was at bat six times. Five other men in baseball history have hit four homers in one game.

In the American League, Philadelphia and St. Louis traded one-run victories in a twin bill. Third baseman Roy Siever's sixth inning home run provided the Browns with the winning margin in the first game, their third straight over the Athletics.

Philadelphia's freshman right-hander, Ben Hooper, beat the Browns for the fifth time this season in the second game.

Aided by a home run barrage, the New York Yankees swept their four game series with the Cleveland Indians 7-6 and thus increased their lead over Detroit atop the American League race to two games.

First baseman Johnny Mize, centre-fielder Cliff Mapes, catcher Yogi Berra and Shortstop Phil Rizzuto each hit for the circuit, with the bases empty in each instance.

Stumbling Tigers

Big Gene Bearden, the Washington pitcher who had won only two games all season, hung up victory No. 3 as he defeated the stumbling Detroit Tigers 2-1.

Bearden gave up nine hits but scattered them so effectively the Tigers could not score until the ninth. Art Houtteman, gave up only five hits but three of them came in the third inning and they split defeat.

By scoring the needed run in the ninth with two out on a base on balls, Boston's Red Sox shaded Chicago's White Sox in a game delayed 91 minutes by rain.

The victory, coming when Billy Pierce walked left fielder Clyde Vollmer on four pitches with the bases loaded, kept the third place Sox within 2½ games of the League leading New York Yankees.

Catcher Wes Westrum's single to left in the seventh inning scored first baseman Monte Irvin with the run that gave the New York Giants their seventh straight triumph over the Pittsburgh Pirates 6-1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

	R	H	E
Cleveland	5	7	1
New York	7	10	1
Winning pitcher Tommy Byrne, loser Bob Lemon.			
Detroit	1	9	0
Washington	2	5	0
Winning pitcher Gene Bearden, loser Art Houtteman.			
St. Louis (1st game)	4	10	0
Philadelphia	3	2	0
Winning pitcher Dick Starr, loser Lou Brissie.			
St. Louis (2nd game)	2	6	1
Philadelphia	3	10	1
Winning pitcher Hooper, loser Cliff Fannin.			

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R	H	E
Boston	3	8	1
Brooklyn	19	21	1
Winning pitcher Carl Erskine, loser Warren Spahn.			
New York	2	0	0
Pittsburgh	1	4	1
Winning pitcher Jim Hearn, loser Bill MacDonal.—Associated Press.			

GERMAN CAR SMASHES THREE INT'L RECORDS

Montlhery Autodrome, Near Paris, August 31.
A German 1,080-CC "People's Car" today smashed three international records in speed and endurance tests.

It achieved the following things:
(1) 3,000 miles in 38 hrs. 16 mins. 15 secs., an average speed of 78.39 m.p.h. The former record was 41 hrs. 44 mins. 21 secs. for 3,107 miles in 39 hrs. 30 mins. 22 secs., at an average speed of 76.34 m.p.h. The former record was 43 hrs. 22 mins. 44 secs.

(2) A 46-hour run covering 5,723 miles, at an average speed of 77.87 m.p.h. The former record was 5,485 miles.

The three former international records were set up by an 1,100-CC Simca at Montlhery in March, 1949.—Reuter.

DEEP WATER BAY GOLF GYMKHANA

Owing to the heavy booking for the above event no further applications will be received after the first postal delivery on Monday, September 4.

Line-ups for VRC-Fortuna Swimming Gala

Good swimming should be seen at the Victoria Recreation Club this evening, when Fortuna meet VRC in a return engagement at 9.30 p.m.

Although Fortuna beat VRC by a wide margin in their last encounter, the final score was not a correct indication of the run of the events, as close finishes were seen in all races.

The Victorians have been getting into shape for the Colony Championships, particularly Victor Matluk, and should put up a better show tonight.

Spectators will also be treated to a rare diving exhibition by the Fortuna specialists, comprising Colony Champion Wong Yan, Wong King-woo, Chan Wal-sen, Lam Kar-tung and Wong Sek-hon.

Complete line-ups are as follows:
1. 100 yards back - stroke, Seniors: William Teo, C. C. Wang (Fortuna); V. Matluk, D. Colloco (VRC).

2. 50 yards free-style, Juniors: K. K. Tong, W. S. Chen, (Fortuna); I. Erikson, G. Noronha (VRC).

3. 100 yards Breast stroke, Seniors: C. T. Leung, C. Y. Cheong (Fortuna); I. Nicholson, J. Yvanovich (VRC).

4. 50 yards free-style, Seniors: G. Roza-Perera, V. Matluk (VRC); William Teo, Henry Hau (Fortuna).

5. 100 yards Breast - stroke, Juniors: P. L. Wong, C. K. Wong (Fortuna); Mac Roza, S. Carvalho (VRC).

6. 220 yards Free-style, Seniors: K. M. Cheung, C. C. Wang (Fortuna); V. Matluk, Robert Law (VRC).

7. Diving Exhibition by Fortuna Divers.
8. 3 x 50 yards Medley Relay, Seniors: Fortuna—Tung Ho-fook, Cheung Kin-run, Henry Hau, VRC—Y. Matluk, T. Roza-Perera, Jackie Gomes.
9. 100 yards Free-style for Boys: Peter Wong, S. K. Yip (Fortuna); M. Gutierrez, Xavier (VRC).

10. 4 x 50 yards Free-style Relay Juniors: Fortuna—Leung W. W., Wong, VRC—P. Thompson, I. Erikson, G. Noronha, R. Louralro.
11. 4 x 50 yards Free-style relay, Seniors: Fortuna—Tommy Kew, William Teo, K. M. Cheung, Henry Hau, VRC—V. Matluk, R. Law, J. Gomes, M. Clement.

West Indies declare at 170 for six

Canterbury, September 1.

The West Indies this morning declared their second innings closed at 170 for six against Kent here, leaving the county to get 290 to win.

At lunch, Kent had scored 35 for three in their second innings.

West Indies needed runs quickly in order to make an early declaration. Gomez and Goddard found the bowling of Martin and Ridgway too accurate for free scoring, but runs came at a steady one a minute rate.

The fight was bad and again threatened but the batsmen were seldom in trouble and their stand reached three figures in an hour and a half.

Thursday's play

Canterbury, August 31.
The West Indies consolidated their position on the second day of their match against Kent here. The County managed to avoid the follow-on by 31 runs.

With a lead of 110 runs the West Indies batted again and when stumps were drawn they were 240 runs ahead with five wickets standing.

When their fifth wicket fell at 56 runs, Kent were in grave danger of having to follow-on. The soundness of the 17-year-old Cowdrey and the big hitting of the tail-enders enabled them to make a partial recovery and take the total to 146 runs.

Cowdrey, a well-built youngster with plenty of confidence, batted an hour and 40 minutes and showed every promise of developing into a good cricketer.

After a hold-up of an hour through rain, Dovey and Martin, hitting nearly everything, added 27 runs in 15 minutes before a good work by Trestrail, who held a difficult catch at long-off, ended the stand.

Powerful driving

Dovey continued his powerful driving and seven fours came in 38 runs made in 25 minutes.

Valentine, who conceded only 13 runs in his first 18 overs, was hit for 44 runs in his last seven.

The pitch was vicious when the West Indies batted again. Rain made it soft on top while it remained hard underneath and the ball flew.

Four wickets fell for 23 runs and Weekes was fifth out at 51 runs, but Gomez and Goddard took advantage of an easing pitch to put on 70 runs by the close of play.

Kent were 92 runs for six wickets when rain stopped play and lunch was taken today. The runs came slowly, before lunch but Cowdrey showed no signs of nerves. He was fortunate when one or two of Valentine's sharp legbreaks flew off the edge of his bat.

U.S. Tennis Championship:

Forest Hills, August 31.

Sixth-seeded Art Larsen of San Francisco led the field into the quarter-finals of the United States tennis championship today by upsetting Jaroslav Drobny of Egypt, 6-3, 2-6, 6-2, 7-5.

Larsen's comparatively easy victory over the self-exiled Czech removed the second ranking foreign threat to the title.

Larsen attacked repeatedly throughout the match, moving into net when Drobny's fierce service failed and forced the play in all but the second set.

Larsen broke Drobny's service in the seventh and ninth games of the first set winning on Drobny's errors at the net.

Double faults cut Larsen in several holes in the second set and Drobny swept it at 8-2. But the American broke service in the second game of the third set and was never headed. Drobny brought the final set to 6-5 before Larsen went out in front 6-3 and broke the invader's service with four straight points in the quarter-final (pauses).

In full command
Third-seeded Gardnar Mulloy survived through Torgren Johansson of Sweden in the third round match, 6-4, 6-2, 6-2. In full command, he polished all-round game, the 47-year-old Florida veteran exerted pressure only when required for finishing points.

In the women's singles, Miss Nancy Chaffee, 21-year-old national indoor title-holder, upset her fellow Californian.

Wimbledon champion, Miss Louise Brough, in the third round, 6-2, 7-5 and rolled into the quarter-finals.

She next meets Miss Barbara Seasholtz who defeated Miss Magda Bureau of Los Angeles, 5-7, 0-2, 6-2.

Miss Doris Hart, seeded second, breezed into the women's quarter-final by trouncing Miss Elaine Lewicki of Hamtramck, Michigan, 6-2, 6-1.

Fourth-seeded Miss Beverly Euler and sixth-seeded Miss Shirley Fry also swept into the quarter-finals with easy victories. Miss Baker trounced Miss Barbara Kinnel of Los Angeles, 6-3, 6-0, and Miss Fry downed Mrs. Eli Carroll of New York, 6-3, 6-1.

Tom Brown Jr., winner of the only United States Cup match against Australia, eliminated another foreign threat by defeating George Worthington of Australia, 6-2, 1-6, 6-1, 7-5. That put him in the quarter-final (pauses).

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